THE TIMES
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# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1894. No. 109

THE ONLY
ALWAYS OPEN
PHARMACY
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

253

Mantles, Jakets and Capes

ARRIVED TO-DAY AND WILL BE ON VIEW TUESDAY, MAY 1.

This shipment, added to 217 already received this spring, makes the largest and best assortment we have ever shown. Most of the garments are "Specialties"—only one of a kind, and being direct from the manufacturers, can—and will—be sold at prices which are charged for inferior goods.

☞ Ladies who have waited for this line will please call as soon as convenient and make selection.

THE WESTSIDE,
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Victoria, April 28, 1894.

Every Lady

In town will want a pair of those nice laced Dongola boots with patent tips which we are selling at

$1.75 per Pair.

They satisfy the desire to be dressy and are not hard on the pocket-book; they last long, and as long as they last they keep the shape of the last.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

WEILER BROS., Have Received
Per Steamship Mogul
3,600 YARDS of
JAPANESE MATTING
ALL KINDS AND PRICES, FINE ASSORTMENT.

We have also received some Printed Toilet Sets, Demijohns, Butter Crocks, Filters, Etc. Other goods constantly arriving.

FORT STREET. VICTORIA.

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—500 pairs of gent's cuts-off shoes. Call or address Jos. Nucci, No. 9 Store street. may3-3t

WANTED—Good stout boy. 70 Yates St. may3-3t

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Five acres of land with improvements; also one cow, three heifers, chickens, etc., for house and lot in town. Apply P.O. Box 641. may3-4t

## CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

The Sports and Games Committee will meet at CITY HALL, THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Reception committee, Friday evening.
BEAUMONT BOGGS, Secretary.

## NOTICE.

## COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150. By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1w

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allan Line, Laurentian | May 12 |
| Allan Line, Parisian | May 19 |
| Dominion Line, Vancouver | May 12 |
| Dominion Line, Oregon | May 19 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Nepigon | May 16 |
| Beaver Line, Lake Superior | May 23 |

From New York.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cunard Line, Umbria | May 12 |
| Cunard Line, Campania | May 19 |
| White Star, Britanic | May 9 |
| White Star, Majestic | May 16 |
| American Line, New York | May 9 |
| American Line, Paris | May 16 |
| Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Elbe | May 12 |
| Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree | May 15 |
| Anchor Line, Circassia | May 19 |
| Anchor Line, City of Rome | May 26 |
| Red Star Line, Noordland | May 9 |
| Red Star Line, Waesland | May 16 |

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $26 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

## COL. INGERSOLL'S OPINION.

Coxey's Arrest at Washington Was a Mischievous Blunder.

Utica, N. Y., May 3.—Col. Robert G Ingersoll lectured in this town last night. Being asked what he thought of the "commonwealers," he said:

"I think that a great mistake was made in Washington in arresting Coxey, clubbing Brown and knocking the rank and file right and left. Of course the idea of Coxey was simple insanity, but to have allowed him to address his followers from the capitol steps would have done no harm. To arrest him and club his followers will fill the hearts of many thousands with hatred and a desire for revenge. The authorities at Washington acted foolishly and badly. Coxey and his followers think they have the right to speak about what they call their wrongs in Washington, and I think they have. If they had been rich; if they had gone to Washington in palace cars, they would have been allowed to parade and say their say. I am afraid that blunder of arresting the leaders and preventing speaking will do great harm."

### Murder and Mystery.

New York, May 3.—Gottlieb Krupp was found dead in his bed at 221 William street, late last night, with a pistol bullet in his head, and a slash probably made with an axe across his shoulder. He had been sleeping in his underclothes, and they, as well as the bed and the wall adjacent, were spattered with blood. When found his door was unlocked, but no noise had been heard in the room since he was last seen leaving it on Tuesday afternoon, to indicate that anything unusual had occurred. Krupp was a waiter in the restaurant at 434 Brome street. He did not come to work last evening and George Rangst, another waiter, called to see what was the matter with him. He found him in the condition described.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

## POOH BAH IN FACT.

Senor Don Jose R. Casanova of Bocas Del Toro

IN THE UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA

Holds a Bushel of Offices—The Fact Oppresses Him—He is Monarch of All He Surveys—He is Military Chief and Holds the Veto Power.

New York, May 3.—On the steamer Louisiana, which arrived in port yesterday, came as a passenger a veritable autocrat. Jose R. Casanova is a native of the United States of Colombia, but he has spent most of the last thirty years in New York, and his home is now at 55 West 105th street. Last summer he unexpectedly received the appointment from the president of Colombia of governor of the province of Bocas del Toro, and he at once went to his capital, a city of the same name. Yesterday he came home to recover from an attack of fever.

"Bocas del Toro," said Governor Casanova last night to a reporter, "is an archipelago of about thirty islands in the great Bay of Guatemala, 140 miles west of Colon and 18 miles southeast of Blaefields. It is a wonderful banana country, and a number of Americans are there engaged in the banana trade. I am ruler over the whole territory. I am there as an admiral in mid-ocean on board his man-of-war. Everything is under my control. It is indeed more power than any man holds anywhere under a constitutional government. The principal political, judicial, executive and administrative authorities are invested in me, and I hold the power of veto over the decrees of the municipal council. I am likewise military commander-in-chief of the forces stationed there, and to add a little to the foregoing functions and to complete the picture, I am also notary public, commissioner of deeds, etc., indefinitely. Finally, I am factotum of the whole territory. All this is too much for one man.

"In Colombia the constitutional powers are limited, and for this reason I am inclined to think that the place I hold is unconstitutional. The Colombia constitution distinctly provides that in no one man shall be vested both military and civil authority at the same time. Had I known when I accepted the position that the honor is unconstitutional I should have declined it. The government at Bocas del Toro will probably be changed shortly. All the merchants with the exception of the Chinese own banana plantations, and all the fruit grown is sent to the American market."

### SHAKING OFF TAMMANY.

Senator Bourke Cochrane Dissolving Many Old-Time Ties.

New York, May 3.—The firm of Cochrane & Clark is no more. It consisted of Congressman Bourke Cochrane and Corporation Counsel W. H. Clark. Employed by them were Edward Clark, brother of the corporation counsel, and Wales F. Severance. The clerks were notified by Mr. Cochrane the last time he was in the city that the partnership would be dissolved on May 1st, and that he would form a partnership with John C. Tomlinson. The information surprised both clerks, but they immediately formed a new firm, Clark & Severance. It is said that the sudden dissolution of his old relationship with the corporation counsel on the part of Mr. Cochrane is another step towards breaking similar ties with Tammany Hall early in the coming campaign.

### PINKWATER HIS NAME.

An Elderly Israelite's Low Down Game to Win a Wife.

New York, May 3.—Court officers are looking for Max Pinkwater, who formerly lived in Newark, N. J., to serve him with papers in a suit in chancery brought by Miss Esther Goldsmith. The case will come for hearing before Chancellor McGillen in Jersey City next Tuesday.

The suit involves one of the most peculiar divorce cases on record, and the first of the kind ever heard in chancery. The interested parties are Hebrews. The plaintiff, Esther Goldsmith, a pretty nineteen-year-old girl, lives on Central avenue, Newark. The defendant, Max Pinkwater, who is not quite 45, resides, according to the statement of the constables who have endeavored to serve him with the papers in the case, in some unknown locality. The peculiar phase of the case hinges on the fact that the couple were legally married on August 8th, 1891, in the city court of this city, and Miss Goldsmith asks that the marriage be annulled on the ground that she was inveigled into the marriage through ignorance of the ceremony and its consequences.

In her petition Miss Goldsmith further says that she met Pinkwater at the house of a friend in Newark and despite the difference in their ages, after he had showered attention on her she finally yielded to his pleadings and agreed to become betrothed to him. It is the custom for persons of her race and religion when matrimonially inclined to enter into an engagement or betrothal with due ceremony before the marriage is performed. They execute a written agreement for a limited time, for the express purpose of ascertaining if the persons about to be joined for life are really suitable to each other. If after a certain time it is found they are not, the betrothal is ended, presents are returned and the contracting parties are free.

Pinkwater, Miss Goldsmith declares, knowingly and fraudulently induced her to go before a magistrate and have a ceremony performed that to her surprise proved absolutely binding. He argued that the magistrate's ceremony was binding only on the man and not on the woman. Believing him she repaired to the city and the nuptial knot was tied as told above. Immediately after the ceremony Pinkwater urged his bride to go to a hotel, but she refused and declared her intention of returning to her home in Newark. Then she declared Pinkwater became angry and said to her: "You never would consent to marry me, but I had made up my mind the moment I saw you to have you. You didn't know that we were just married, but we are and you are bound to me sure enough."

She declares that realizing that she was tricked she ran from him, returned to her home in Newark, has never lived with him and now she prays the court to annul the marriage on the ground of fraud. Pinkwater is nowhere to be found, but his friends, who are looking after his side of the case, declare the marriage was performed with Miss Goldsmith's full knowledge and consent and that she seeks annulment simply to marry another.

## THE GOLDEN STATE.

Woman and the Science Discussed at the Midwinter Woman's Congress.

Fatal Boiler Explosion—Shattuck Murder Trial—U. S. S. Ranger Departs.

Vallejo, Cal., May 3.—The U. S. ship Ranger has all her stores on board and is ready for sea. She was to have left here for Port Townsend this morning with extra stores and men for Behring Sea. The secretary of the navy sent word to the commandant to hold the Ranger until further orders. It is rumored she will be sent to Honolulu, though no definite news has been received to this effect.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 3.—While three men were engaged boring a well at Crompton last night an old engine and boiler which was being used for the purpose exploded, instantly killing Alonza Claus and seriously injuring C. C. Johnson and W. A. Beck.

San Francisco, May 3.—County commissioners of the Midwinter Fair favor having the exposition extended through July. The executive committee now has the proposition under consideration. A great many of the exhibitors express the intention of remaining should the fair be kept up after July 1st.

"Woman and the Sciences" was the subject of discussion at this morning's session of the woman's congress. Papers were as follows: "Women in the Medical Profession," by Dr. C. Annette Bucke, Oakland, Cal.; "Botany," Mrs. J. G. Lemmon, Oakland, Cal.; "Poetry of Archaeology," Mrs. Elizabeth Reed, president of the Illinois Women's Press Club; "Our Place in the Study of Infants," Miss Rose O'Halloran, San Francisco; "Astronomy," Miss Dorothea Klumpke, Paris Observatory, France.

San Francisco, May 3.—More medical expert testimony was introduced in the Shattuck murder trial to-day. Most of it went to show that defendant was insane at the time she killed Harry Poole.

## EASTERN CANADA.

Champion Chess Players Meet in the Cosmopolitan Club, Montreal.

Immigrants for the West—Fate of Schooner Mary Bliss of Halifax.

Ottawa, May 3.—It is understood that the report of the minister of justice is now before the council recommending that the law take its course in the case of the two Italians, the Grenfell murderers, now in Regina jail under sentence of execution. The execution is to take place on May 10th.

Montreal, Que., May 3.—The world's championship chess match was resumed in the Cosmopolitan club a little after 3 o'clock this afternoon. It being ladies' day the big club room down stairs was crowded with fair women in the smartest of spring dresses, to whom the president, M. Cochenthaler, did honors, and who confined themselves to making observations in low whispers. All the chess enthusiasts of the city were also there. The officials were: Referee, W. de M. Marler; umpires, G. W. Liddell and J. Ney Robson. Steinitz was dressed in solemn black in honor of the ladies. He seemed in excellent spirits. He has improved greatly in health, and appears confident.

Hon. Robert Reid, minister of defence Swinden and Miss Howe and Reid, Mrs. Swinden, Miss Howe and H. Mackay are at the Windsor, arriving in from New York this morning. Mr. Reid and party leave for Ottawa to-morrow morning, and will spend three days there, and then will go on straight to Niagara Falls, after which they will return to Toronto, where they will address the local board of trade and view the city. Mr. Reid will then go to Vancouver, sailing for Victoria on the steamship Warrimoo.

Two hundred and forty-five German immigrants by the steamship Pickhuben left for the west over the Canadian Pacific railway this morning.

Kingston, May 3.—John Albert, a Toronto policeman who was serving a 20 years' sentence in the penitentiary here for shooting a boy in Deer Park, died last night of pneumonia.

Halifax, N. S., May 3.—The schooner Mary E. Bliss, Captain Fanning, of Halifax, left Portland, Maine, for this port with a crew of six the first week in April, since which time nothing has been heard of her till now. The steamer Farnwell reports passing a vessel bottom up on the edge of the Georgias on April 21st. He believed it to be the missing vessel, and no doubt all on board perished.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. ta&w

## ROYALTY ASSAULTED

Unfortunate Accident to the Prince of Wales

WHILE VISITING THE FRENCH CAPITAL

An Old, Worn-Out Idea Feloniously Enters His Head—Finding Nothing There Gets on to His Tongue and is Uttered—What the Most-Covered Proposition Was.

Paris, May 3.—The Gaulois publishes a story that the Prince of Wales, during his recent visit to Paris, expressed the wish that France and England had adopted a common European policy. It is said the Prince thought it possible for England to act as a buffer between France and Germany, guarantee peace and facilitate general disarmament.

### ABSOLUTELY FEARLESS.

A Man Who Had Nerve Enough to Marry Ten Times.

St. Paul, May 3.—A notorious career has just been closed by the death of D. R. Jones, near Burr Oak, Lacrosse county, Wis. He was "wanted" in several different parts of the state for bigamy and several other pieces of wickedness. At the age of 16 he fled from home to escape the consequences of some minor misdeeds, and two years later was sent to the reform school for forgery. When 21, he married and settled down to carpentry, but he was soon in trouble with other women and was obliged again to flee to avoid arrest.

In 1875 he found his way to Trempeleau, Wis., went to work at his trade and was also an Advent preacher of considerable ability, and was soon married to a Miss Hurdle of Galesville, under the name of Bonesteel. His career ended there in about six months, when he found the sheriff was after him for leaving another wife in Winona, one at Fountain City, one at Sheboygan and two or three in Illinois.

He disappeared and nothing was heard of him for fourteen years, when he was captured with a band of counterfeiters in Colorado, but made his escape and afterwards passed through the various stages of burglary, highwayman, train robber and ordinary tramp and managed to avoid arrest. He was on his way to revisit Galesville in disguise when he died of pneumonia. He was married at least ten times and each time under a different name.

### AMERICAN STRIKERS.

Cleveland All Excitement—Connellsville Cokers Again out for Blood.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 3.—Cleveland city hall is like a military barracks. Four companies of troops are out. Chief of Police Hoehn says he does not expect any trouble, but is ready for it. He predicts, however, that if trouble does come it will be on a large scale. A strong police force is out to-day and crowds are not allowed to congregate. A force of policemen has been sent to Newburg.

Connellsville, Pa., May 3.—The strikers announce their intention of making a clean sweep of all works now in operation. Strikers drove the men from the Forthill plant to-day.

Roslyn, Wash., May 3.—The miners of the North Pacific mines have struck against a 25 per cent. reduction of wages.

The strikers surrounded Carriage Superintendent Allen of the Standard foundry and stoned him. Fred Engel, Allen's bodyguard, fired on the men. They scattered, but subsequently tried to have Engel arrested, but failed.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 3.—A conference is being held here to-day between the operators of the Ohio mines and the Pennsylvania coal miners. President McBride of the miners' union said he did not know whether the conference would result in overtures for settlement or not.

### CONTRACTED CURRENCY.

Sir W. Houndsworth Blames it for Fall in Level of Prices.

London, May 3.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in commenting on the proceedings of the bimetallic conference, says not a single argument has been adduced in favor of a change. At the second day's session of the international bimetallic conference to-day Sir William Houndsworth read a paper on "The Effects upon Agriculturists, Manufacturers, Wage-Earners, Merchants, Bankers and Investors of a fall in the General Level of Prices," which he contended was caused by contracted currency.

London, May 3.—Everett and Kaye, members of parliament, in discussing Sir Houndsworth's paper, maintained that monometallism would press unfairly upon the farmers, as it lowered the value of agricultural products. Henry H. Gibbs read a paper in which he stated that the proportion of gold to silver at the present time was 35 to 1. All proposals for bridging the chasm, he asserted, converge towards restoration of silver to its former status as a full debt paying power.

### EUROPE TO-DAY.

A London Anarchist's Confession—Accident in Hamburg.

London, May 3.—An anarchist, Joseph Farnara, pleaded guilty in court to-day. He smilingly declared his object was to kill a capitalist.

Hamburg, May 3.—By a boiler explosion in a rendering factory at Hammorbrook to-day five were killed and seven fatally injured.

## PROTESTANT SISTERS.

A Methodist Church Society for Charitable Work.

Chicago, May 3.—Grace Methodist Episcopal church on the north side was the scene this morning of a unique gathering. It was the national convention of the Deaconesses' Aid Society of the Methodist church, a Protestant sisterhood formed to conduct charitable work among the sick and needy. Bishop Joyce, of Chattanooga, Tennessee, called the gathering to order. There were about seventy delegates and in the neighborhood of four hundred members of the order present. The secretary's report showed that the membership is increasing steadily, and that many whose original term of two years had expired have enlisted for another term. The gathering will contiue in session through tomorrow and will be addressed by Bishops Bowman and Thoburn.

## WAR TO THE KNIFE.

The Prohibitionists Take the Bull by the Horns.

Haverhill, Mass., May 3.—During the past two days saloons have sprung up in this town like mushrooms. At the last municipal elections the temperance element, thinking that it had a "cinch" on local politics, grew lax, and as a result was "snowed under" by the liquor element.

Two days ago the city government changed hands and the licensing of saloons commenced, and before many hours the entire number of these documents which the city is allowed to issue under the law limiting the number of grog shops to one for every thousand inhabitants, had been snapped up at the rate of $2,000 apiece by the prospective vendors of alcoholic beverages.

The prohibition people, however, stole a march on their enemies by taking out one of these licenses themselves, and they are now preparing to open a palatial saloon in the centre of the city where fancy drinks will be dispensed at poor man's prices. Champagne, mixed drinks and fine wines will be dispensed at five cents a glass, plain liquors at three cents, beer two cents, and "ponies" one cent. No attempt will be made to make money, and this unique temperance institution will be maintained by the contributions of the deacons, elders and other good people of the town.

The object of this extraordinary proceeding is to deprive the other twenty-six saloons of their trade. As there are 100,000 thirsty people living in prohibition towns within a few miles of this city, and as all these twons are conveniently connected with Haverhill by electric railways, the cold water element will have to raise a big fund to maintain its new venture.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Lick Observatory, Cal., May 2.—The bright comet recently observed by Prof. Gale in Australia has been observed here every evening this week. It is nearly circular, and its diameter to the eye looks something like a star of the fifth magnitude. It is moving north five or six degrees daily; but is slowly growing fainter. Its light has been analyzed in the spectroscope, both visually and photographically, and found to resemble in every respect that of the bright comet of July, 1893. The comet is therefore composed almost wholly of incandescent carbon and nitrogen gases.

St. Louis, May 2.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from the City of Mexico says that President Diaz, under the authority conferred by congress, has issued a decree altering the tariff of import duties in many particulars. The most important changes are on the following articles: Ordinary bags made of jute, pita, henquin, and canamazee, per kilo gross, three cents. Articles, not specified, of copper, brass or any other common metal, gold or plated ware whose weight exceeds one hundred kilos, per kilo 40 cents; jewel ornaments of any metal, not being gold, silver or platinum, gilded or plated, per legal kilo, $1.50. Pig iron, of first melting or in fragments or small pieces, per kilo gross, one cent; rough, forged pig iron or pig steel, per kilo gross, one cent.

San Francisco, May 2.—The customs authorities are still hunting for two thousand pounds of opium, but the chances are that it will not be found. About three weeks ago Collector Wise and special Treasury Agent Phenis were informed that the above quantity of drug was on its way to San Francisco on a sailing vessel. An extra watch was ordered and over 40 coasters were searched. The consignment is worth about $35,000, and no effort will be spared to capture it.

San Francisco, May 2.—The funeral of the late George B. Bayley, who was accidentally killed while riding in an elevator in his own premises, was held today in Oakland. The insurance on his life amounted to $165,000, being larger than any similar life loss ever sustained on the Pacific coast. Some of the policies dated back ten years, while one for $20,000 was issued only three weeks ago. The deceased at the time of his death was paying $4000 in yearly premiums.

## GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

London, May 3.—The executive committee of the London district of the Independent Labor party to-day voted unanimously to support the candidates of the Liberal party, and to abstain from voting in constituencies where Liberal candidates were not put in nomination. It is thought that similar action will be taken by the labor element in all the large manufacturing centres.

## HOME RULE PROSPECTS.

The Premier Speaks Hopefully for the Great Measure.

London, May 2.—Lord Rosebery, at a large Liberal meeting in Manchester this evening, spoke at great length concerning Home Rule. Agrarian crime in Ireland had almost died out, he said, and as there was no longer any fear of the Catholics combining against the Protestants, the conviction in favor of home rule must soon be carried to the heart and mind of the English people. The question ought to be and must be settled as a common sense one. If the people of England wished to have a united empire, wished to move toward the ideal of a union of the English speaking races, they must grant home rule. One obstacle in the way of the home rule cause, Lord Rosebery said, was the undertaking to form an independent labor organization, which was inspired by political anarchism. The originators of this undertaking were ready to strike any party. If they would confine their efforts to pushing the claims of labor everybody would approve their work, but not if they played the part of polictical anarchists. Should the leaders of the movement in question strike at the Liberal party, the immediate result would be the return of the Conservatives to power and the prevention of needed reforms in Ireland and Great Britain.

## FIGHTING DUELS IN ITALY.

About the Only Exercise in Which the Natives Indulge.

Dueling is the leading and almost the only athletic sport in Italy, says The Idler. It is true that there is an Alpine club, so called because its members climb the lesser heights of the Apennines, but there is no cricket, and, except among the laboring classes, ball games of even the mildest character are hardly ever played. The young Italian gentleman finds in dueling an exercise which is beneficial to his muscles and sufficiently exciting to interest him, and the middle-aged Italian keeps up his practice with the foils and occasionally challenges and fights a friend just to show that he is not too old to have lost a genial interest in the innocent pursuits of youth. Dueling is contrary to law in Italy, but the duelist is never punished (unless he should accidentally kill a man), except in the army, where the sport is obligatory and strictly prohibited. The same curious anomaly exists in Germany, where army officers are arrested if they fight a duel and either cashiered or forced to resign if they do not. The Italian officer, when challenged to fight, is virtually told: "You'll be condemned if you do and condemned if you don't." This seems to the Anglo-Saxon decidedly idiotic, but nothing can well be more idiotic than dueling. Playing charades in a drawing-room rises to philosophic heights of wisdom in comparison with it. At least ninety-nine out of every hundred Italian duels are of the class technically known as "first blood" duels. That is to say the combat ceases the moment either of the adversaries loses blood. In these duels the sword is always used, and the slightest scratch on the hand or arm—which are the localities usually scratched—signalizes the end of the game and authorizes the duelists to sheathe their weapons and go somewhere to dinner together. Instances have happened in which a duelist has accidentally been run through the body and killed, but incidents of this sort are extremely infrequent compared with the fatalities of the football field. Italian dueling is probably the safest of all athletic sports, except prize fighting as practiced by modern pugilists by means of letters to the sporting papers.

### Limestone Made Into Marble.

Various modes of coloring limestone have been developed, but the latest that has come under our notice is described in a recent number of Engineering as follows:—

Marble is a natural product, so that this title is perhaps inadmissable, but works have been started at Chelsea in which the natural process is so closely imitated by chemical means that there is produced so near an approximation to marble as almost to justify the name. Nature's process is hastened, and is more directly under control, so that although the veining may be varied as art demands, there can be a larger production of uniform tint of stone, if desired. The process known as the Moreau-Rae is simple, and by it all limestones or chalk may be converted into the semblance of marble of any tint or combination of shades, while the specific gravity is increased 25 per cent. With limestone, carving or turning is more easily done than with marble. The first process thereafter is to prepare for veining. On the surface of water there is sprinkled a varnish composed of sesquioxide of iron, gum thus and turpentine; and water being unstable, a freedom of design is obtained, especially when the turpentine is broken up by sprinkling of soap. The stone is dipped on the turpentine and subsequently imersed in baths of metalic solutions. These are of sulphates of iron, copper or zinc, separate or in combinations, the specific gravity varying from 1.2 to 1.5. They may be termed the primary colors, and variety of shade is got by different periods of immersion or in varying the order of tanks used. The varnish prevents the sulphates affecting the stone at those points, according to the density of the varnish.

In the case of some French stones where there is a good deal of shell or flint, this process of artificial veining is not necessary, as the same result is got from the existence of shell, and this Marseilles stone has been made into very effective baulstrades, as well as fire places and table tops. Very dark colors, for instance are got by using copper and iron sulphates. Zinc and iron alternately give light yellow, while the use of the three in turn gives dark yellow and brown variegated tints. Black and gold, too, may be got by making the stone yellow before varnishing, after which the black bath is used, so that the veining takes the gold tint. Infinite variety is possible in the manner indicated. After this treatment in the sulphate baths, the stone is immersed in a water bath maintained at 50 degrees Cent. to thoroughly fix the colors, all air meanwhile being expelled; and here it may be stated that the color permeates the full thickness of the stone, as is shown by blocks cut in several thicknesses. The process thus far takes only a few minutes, and the stone is then dried in an oven of a temperature of 90 to 100 degrees Cent., remaining probably for twenty-four hours. It is then immersed for a corresponding period in an indurating bath—in a solution of sulphate of zinc—which does not affect the color, but effectually hardens the stone, closing up the pores, so that when removed it approximates the density and the specific gravity of marble, and has all its beauty and wealth of coloring. It is afterwards polished in the usual way.

With but little care and no trouble, the beard and moustache can be kept a uniform brown or black color by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

## CARRIER SWALLOWS.

One Hundred and Fifty Miles in One Hour and a Half.

"It seems quite possible that the swallow will prove a successful rival to the carrier pigeon in its peculiar line of service," said Harold W. Swain, of Washington, D. C. "I know a man who has been experimenting with these birds for years, and who has managed to tame them and make them love their cage so that they will invariably return to it after a few hours' liberty. The speed of these messengers can be judged from a single experiment. The man of whom I speak once caught an untrained swallow which had its nest on his farm. He put the bird in a basket and gave it to a friend who was going to a city 150 miles distant, telling him to turn the bird loose on his arrival there and telegraph him as soon as the bird was set free. This was done, and the bird reached home in one hour and a half. Their great speed and diminutive forms would especially recommend swallows for use in war, as it would not be an easy matter to shoot such carriers on the wing."—

## A LION TAMER'S PERIL.

Saved by a Moment of Indecision on the Part of the Beast.

One night Black Prince sprang ten feet through the air straight at Philadelphia, who saved his life by dodging, but did not escape the sweep of the lion's forearm. No one knew that however, for the tamer showed no signs of injury, but brought his heavy whip down with a stinging cut over the lion's head, and went through the "act," holdong a handkerchief to his face now and then, but smiling as before. When he left the ring it was found that one of the lion's claws had laid his cheek open almost from eye to lip, yet the man was smiling.

"He meant to kill me," said Philadelphia, as his face was being bound up.

"We will never show that lion again," said the manager, much excited.

"Oh, yes we will," answered the wounded tamer. "I will make him work tomorrow as usual." And he did, teasing and prodding him that day as never before, as if daring him to do his worst.

As the weeks passed it grew clear that Philadelphia, either through some change in his way of managing Black Prince, or through some change of temper in the lion, was losing his control, but still he continued to take the risk, in spite of protests from the management. First he tried only one performance a day instead of two, hoping thus to placate Prince's smouldering wrath; but Prince only snarled and growled the more fiercely, and steadily grew worse.

"Philadelphia may be caught any day," one of the other trainers said to me; but still Philadelphia persisted.

The climax came one night in January, when Black Prince came within an ace of killing Philadelphia outright, and certainly would have done so had not his attention not been diverted just at the critical moment by the horse he was riding. He paused in the very act of springing, as if to decide whether he would destroy the man or the horse, and in this pause allowed the tamer to get on his guard, while the watchful grooms rushed in through the iron gates and drove Prince from the ring.—McClure's Magazine for May.

## IN A CHINESE PRISON.

Ambassador Parkes' Unpleasant Experience in Pekin.

A portion of the biography relates to Sir Harry Parkes' experience while in prison at Pekin, having been taken into captivity when returning under a flag of truce from a negotiation for peace after the British had severely punished the Chinese in the war of 1860. The story of the captivity is told chiefly in extracts from the captive's own journal. It is a thrilling story. Parkes was loaded with chains and thrown into a vile den. He was fastened to a beam in such a way that he could barely lie down when overcome with sleep. Scores of malefactors were his companions—thieves, burglars and cutthroats. Occasionally he was taken out to endure torture, the design of which was to enforce from him information as to the strength of the invading army and its plans. On one occasion four men gripped him, and on a sign from the examiners repeatedly twitched his ears and hair as they held him kneeling on the floor. Meanwhile the English commander was approaching Pekin, and a decisive engagement was imminent. Parkes' captors informed him that with the firing of the first gun he should die, and demanded that he send a communication to the invaders which would cause them to desist from their hostile intentions. Parkes declined to do this. Throughout his captivity he conducted himself as though he feared nothing, though all the while he was fully sensible of the horrors of his situation, and momentarily expected death. His apparent composure and his bold front had their effect upon his captors, and gave weight to the argument that they would best serve their own interests by giving him his liberty. He was at length released, and immediately resumed his position as an adviser to the leaders of the expedition, and when, immediately afterward, the Chinese yielded to the English and French, he was among the first to enter Pekin, and assumed an important part in the subsequent negotiations.—N. Y. Times.

## JAPAN'S NATIONAL DRINK.

It Is Called Sake, but Is Not Served In Gilded Saloons.

John L. Stoddard, who has just returned from a tour through Japan, in speaking of the drinking habits of that country says: "The national stimulant is sake, a liquor brewed from rice. Places for supplying it are numerous. But in Japan they do not seem to have learned of the 'gilded saloon.' Their sake shops are not so aggressively present as are liquor shops in more civilized countries. They are plain shops with wooden tubs piled up on either side, from which the liquor is drawn into mugs by means of wooden spigots. Consumer and shop tender meet in full view of and distant only a few feet from the street. No such artificial attractions to lure the weak as we tolerate are known in Japan.

"But the special form of indulgence there is tea drinking. There is no place so secluded, no mountain pass so inaccessible but that the tea house is found there, as well as in all the cities and towns. The guest is served by bewitching young girls called Nesans, who bring tea on a tray in cups whose infinitesimal size is matched by the infinitely weak character of the tea served. The foreigner is offered with it only dry and unsubstantial cakes or characterless sweetmeats, composed of rice, flour and sugar. But the native is served also with rice, which, with the tea, makes him a sumptuous meal at any time.

"In Japan our preconceived ideas are completely reversed. The Japanese artisan works the saw and the plain towards him. Draught work in the fields is done by bulls, and horses and cattle are shod with straw sandals. Rooms are heated without stove or chimney by a little brazier of charcoal. Children are not tended by nurses, but are themselves called upon to be nurses. One day I saw a little boy of ten at his play, running about with his companions and evidently enjoying himself as well as any. Yet, strapped to his back was his little sister, aged two months, fast asleep. A Japanese gentleman mounts his horse on the right, and when he gets home he backs him into the stall, head towards the door."

It cost Great Britain $20,000 to scrape the barnacles off the botton of one of its big men-of-war and repaint, and this has to be done twice a year in the case of nearly every vessel.

Among the words recognized by the latest American dictionary are: Electrocute, abusee, acadamise, graciosity, accusably, and enhansive.

FRANK LEAKE
Oshawa, Ont.

**Pains in the Joints**

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read

**Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures**

so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." Mrs. G. A. Lake, Oshawa, Ontario.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.



**Unwritten Law In the Best Society**

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

**Chocolat-Menier?**

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

| ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 33 MILLION POUNDS | If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, No. 12 St. John St., Montreal, Que. |
|---|---|



**WEAKNESS OF MEN**

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

**ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.**



**Ladies,**

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. tu-w-&f


## AUCTION SALES.


# AUCTION

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT.

I am instructed by R. Jamieson to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, where goods are now on view,

ON SATURDAY, 5th MAY,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

**10 BICYCLES**

All new, manufactured by

The Gould Bicycle Co., Brantford, Ont.

4 Ladies' Pneumatic Tire Wheels.
4 Gents' Pneumatic Tire Wheels.
1 Cushion Tire Wheel.
1 High Wheel.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

# AUCTION

BRITISH SHIP "ARCHER,"

Thursday, May 10th, 11 a.m.

On account of whom it may concern.

I am instructed to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.:

The hull of the iron ship Archer, 100 A 1 at Lloyd's; 780 tons register, length 180 ft., beam, 32 ft., depth, 18.7, as she now lies dismasted in Esquimalt Harbor.

ALSO—New and old ropes, 2 sails, tarpaulins, chronometers, compasses, barometers, ship's boat, flags, blocks, hemp canvas, telescopes, charts, sailing directions, side and riding lights, tools, etc, etc.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.



# AUCTION

Mortgagee's Sale, House and Lot,

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 11 A.M.

I will sell at my Salesroom, Wharf street, under the power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, made and executed by Samuel Edmunds Field, dated Sept. 22, '90, and Jan. 29, '91, respectively; all that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 69 being a subdivision of lots 22, 24, 25, Fernwood Estate, as per map 262, L. R. Office. The said property has a frontage on North Pembroke Street of 152 ft. 8 in. and 114 ft. on Belmont Avenue, more or less. There is a good dwelling house on this property.

For particulars apply to Davie, Pooley & Luxton, 47 Langley street, Mortgagee's Solicitors, or to

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.


# REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, '94.


THE GREAT

Hudyan

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Prematureness of the discharge in 20 days.

BEFORE Cures LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St. San Francisco, Cal.



**VICTORIA RICE MILLS**

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.



S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.


## City of Victoria, British Columbia

## TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap5-td

# $50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. j24

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

Second Street, between Kings Road and Bay Street is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., April 14.

## MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor

## NOTICE.

Third Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
m31-tf City Engineer.

## NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

## CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C.,
April 23rd, 1894.


**SNOWFLAKE FLOUR**

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.


## PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
123 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. v19-tf


SING KEE,

24 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

## IRVING'S HARD WORK.

### Twenty Years of Toil before Success Was Achieved.

Nearly all those who know Henry Irving or know of him associate his name with the long list of brilliant creations shown on the stage of the Lyceum. But there is a period in his career of which one seldom or never hears. It is a period covering more than twenty years of grim, hard, grinding work; of incessant, devoted study and practice of the minutest details of his art. The results he accomplished in this period of his life led him inevitably to the foremost place in his profession. It is undeniable that some of the most artistic work in Mr. Irving's career was accomplished in the days before the snow covered "Mathias" had made his first entrance at the inn door. Take a leap backward over 35 years to 1859. At this time Mr. Irving had been just three years in the profession, having appeared for the first time at the Lyceum theatre, Sunderland. After playing with stock companies in Edinburgh and Glasgow, he went to Manchester. There he remained four years; and there he underwent probably some of the bitterest hardships of an actor's life. But what he lacked in pocket he gained in friends and experience. Here he met and acted with such "stars" as Edwin Booth and Sothern, Charles Mathews and G. V. Brooke, Miss Heath and Dion Boucicault. Here, too, he gradually won a position of respect, respect for his unfailing assiduity and scrupulous conscientiousness. Here, too, at the close of his long engagement, he made his first appearance as Hamlet, and scored an instant success, which years afterward was to be duplicated at the Lyceum. The company with which he was then associated favored his project, although they thought that the work would be beyond his strength, but so complete was his triumph with the Manchester public that the performance was called for on several nights—this, too, in a place where one night bills were the rule. Leaving Manchester, he strolled on from place to place, and at last after another twelve months found himself standing on the steps of a Liverpool theatre, waiting, like Micawber, for something to turn up." At this juncture there came an offer from Boucicault to go to Manchester and take a leading part in his new play, Hunted Down. Irving accepted the proposition, with the stipulation that should he succeed he would play the same part in London. The play was brilliantly successful, and in fact has more or less held the stage ever since. Irving was cast for the part of Rawdon Scudamore, the man-about-town villain, and to this character he imparted a force and natural power that lingered in the memory of all who witnessed it. Here he could display the faculty for depicting the most vindictive passion merely by dint of facial expression. So impressed was Boucicault with Irving's rendering of the part that he invited Charles Reade to witness it. Mr. Reade's judgment more than confirmed that of Boucicault, and at last through Tom Taylor he received a lucrative offer to appear in London at the St. James' theatre, under the management of Miss Herbert, a delightful actress, who, after a career of mingled disappointment and success, has long since retired from the stage.

Mr. Irving's engagement with Miss Herbert opened in 1866. The first play, tried as a stop-gap, was The Belle's Stratagem, in which Irving was cast for Doricourt. He did not like the part, believed that he would make a failure in it, and was astonished when after his exit in the mad scene he received three recalls. Hunted Down was revived, and here it was that Charles Dickens saw him for the first time. How deeply impressed he was with the author's impersonation has often been told. Under Miss Herbert's management he played such varied parts as Joseph Surface and Robert Macaire. When Miss Herbert retired from management, broken in health and pocket, Irving went to Paris with Sothern, and then in 1867 was back in London, at the rambling, angular old Queen's theatre, which at that time was regarded as a "hoodoo" by the profession and the public. Here he first met Miss Ellen Terry, and here also he had another success in Henry J. Byron's play, Dearer than Life. Irving was Bob Gassit, a flash "crook," and his mastery of the power of portraying the baser passions found a perfect foil in the homely beauty and tender naturalness of Toole's Michael Garner. Charles Dickens, in a stage box, watching Irving with grave, steady attention, and turing to Tom Taylor, said: "If that young man does not some day come out as a great actor, I am no judge of art." Here also, at the Queen's, he did Bill Sikes in Oliver Twist, Falkland in The Rivals and Robert Redfern in Henry J. Byron's Lancashire Lass, which ran for nearly seven months. It was now 1869, and in December he was associated with J. D. Toole at the Gaiety theatre in Byron's Uncle Dick's Darling. Irving was the cold, austere Mr. Chevenix, and now, perhaps for the first time, revealed his faculty of original creation. Here, many critics insisted, was a figure that lived in the memory, and which one followed, as it moved, with interest and pleasure.

About this time two clever Strand comedians, David James and Thomas Thorne, and Harry Montague, an attractive and handsome "juvenile," rehabilitated a disused club house in the Strand and transformed it into the Vaudeville theatre. They opend with a new comedy by James Albery, then unknown, called Two Roses. The cast comprised, in addition to the three partners, Irving, George Honey, a really fine character artist of the old school; Miss Ada Newton, who afterwards married Thorne, and Miss Amy Fawsitt, who was afterwards to die in a garret in Eighth avenue, New York. In the cold-blooded insincerity, selfishness and polished arrogance of Digby Grand, he was able to bring out in strongest force many of the qualities which have since won for him the admiration of the world. Probably Digby Grand was the first character that gave him a firm hold of general public favor. This engagement he continued to play for more than a year. Then came his first season at the Lyceum under the American manager, H. G. Bateman, his bewildering triumphs as Mathias, and lastly his own historic management of the old house, where he has remained to this day.

## WOMAN'S WIT OUTWITTED.

### A Story of a Diamond Thief and a Detective

"It is a good deal harder to convict a woman of a crime than a man," said James Tracy, the veteran detective, as he sat in the corridor of the Southern last night. "I don't know why it is so, except it is that women are slicker in concealing the evidence of their crime. I remember one case I had here in St. Louis about twenty years ago where a woman I had arrested nearly escaped punishment for her crime, but I finally landed her in a rather unexpected way. The woman was a servant in a wealthy family living in the West End. One night about three thousand dollars worth of diamonds belonging to the lady of the house were stolen, and evidence went to show that this servant was the thief. I arrested her, but she stoutly proclaimed her innocence, and at the trial the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty," claiming the evidence was not sufficient to convict. I was convinced in my own mind, however, that the woman was the guilty party, and had "planted" the diamonds somewhere, and sooner or later would try to dispose of them. One day while standing on the corner of Broadway and Walnut streets, with my partner, I saw her coming down the street, dressed in the height of fashion. Thinking that probably she had 'raised' the diamonds, I told my partner to arrest her and take her to the station to be searched. This he did, and I, keeping out of sight, followed behind to see that she did not drop anything. As I walked along I noticed that she kept swinging her parasol in rather a queer way, and suddenly saw a little package wrapped in a cloth drop from the parasol into the gutter. I immediately pounced upon it, and my suspicions were confirmed to find the package contained the stolen diamonds, which she had placed inside her parasol. After seeing she had been detected the woman confessed and was sent to penitentiary for three years."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.


## Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?


## JAPAN'S CEREAL CROP.

### A Large Amount of Grain Produced in a Small Area.

A report has been made to his government by M. Sienkiewics, the French minister at Tokio, upon the cereal crops of Japan, which comprise rice, barley, wheat and rye. Although the cultivated lands of Japan are scarcely equal to one-eigth of the total area of the country, yet the home-grown produce is sufficient, in ordinary seasons, to meet the requirements of a population which exceeds 40 millions of people. Expressed in English measure there are 11,300,000 acres of arable land, of which 6,813,000 acres are occupied by rice, 4,234,000 acres by other cereals, and the remaining area by divers kinds of crops. Rice is grown in every province of the empire from south to north, and the mean yield is equal to about thirty bushers per acre, though the yield varies widely according to soil and situation. Whilst wheat, barley and rye are capable of successful cultivation in all parts of the country, barley tends to predominate in the provinces of the northeast, and rye in those of the southwest. The yield of these crops range from 11 to 38 bushels per acre, the mean yield being equivalent to about 18 bushels. For several years there has been a tendency on the part of the peasant cultivators in many districts to sow foreign varieties of barley and wheat instead of the indigenous seed. In this way the Chevalier barley and the variety of wheat known as the California have, in particular, come into use, and it is stated that the yields of these considerably exceed those of the native seeds. The mean annual production of the country for the decade 1883-92 was 168 millions of bushels of rice, 33 millions of bushels of barley, 24 millions of bushels of rye, and 16 millions of bushels of wheat. Rice is the chief food of the Japanese, but it is normally dearer than the other cereals. Hence, save in the towns and in the homes of well-to-do people, it is customary to mix it with barley or rye. In some localities, indeed, the peasantry eat rice only at exceptional times; ordinarily they content themselves with barley or rye. Whatever be the cereal grain used for food, however, the preparation is always the same—first washing with plenty of water, then soaking for five or six hours, and finally boiling. It is calculated that a Japanese man consumes 8 1-4 bushels of rice per annum, whilst half this quantity suffices for a woman or child. The same rate of consumption holds where the other cereals are largely substituted for rice. For purposes of comparison it is interesting to recall the fact that the annual consumption of wheat amongst the meat-eating population of the United Kingdom is put at six bushels per head. Wheat and barley are largely employed in the manufacture of shoyu, or Japanese sauce and also for making pastry. Barley straw is made up into summer hats, and it is being exported on an increased scale for this purpose. Wheat straw is used for thatching country houses. Rice straw is made into string and rope, and is also utilized in the making of waraji, or common boots and shoes. In 1892 Japan exported 1,216,666 piculs of rice, equivalent to 160,599,912 pounds, whilst the average annual exportation for the six years 1887-92 was 1,847,256 piculs, or 243,837,792 pounds. It is remarked that these larger quantities might seem almost to exceed the production of rice in Japan. The explanation is that the Japanese rice, which is dearer than that of the neighboring countries, is exported because of its richness in starch and its generally excellent quality. That which is exported has to be replaced for the purpose of home consumption by the cheaper rice of India and Japan. The exports of wheat, barley and rye from Japan are too trivial to be noticed.


**How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.**

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


## A BY-LAW

### To Raise $25,000.00 to Acquire the Land and Improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association for Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition Purposes.

Whereas by a by-law of the Corporation of the City of Victoria finally passed on the 9th day of December, A.D. 1892, and numbered 140, there was granted to the British Columbia Agricultural Association by the said Corporation, the sum of $25,000 to aid and assist the said Association in its building operations;

And whereas the said sum of $25,000 has been duly expended on the erection of suitable and necessary exhibition buildings on the lands of the said Association in accordance with the terms and conditions of of the said by-law;

And whereas there was expended by the said Association upon its lands, and improvements thereon, a further sum of $20,000 obtained by loan secured by mortgage upon the said lands and improvements;

And whereas the said Association is indebted to various persons and firms in a further aggregate sum of about $5,000.

And whereas the said Association is organized not for the purpose of any private or individual profit or gain, but for the protection and advancement of the agricultural, mechanical and industrial interests of the province, and more particularly of those interests as associated with the trade and prosperity of the City of Victoria;

And whereas for the more effectual carrying out of the objects of the said association, it is deemed expedient and advisable that the Corporation of the City of Victoria, should purchase, hold and manage the lands and buildings of the said Association.

And whereas the said Association has applied to the said Corporation for further aid in carrying out its said objects and it has been agreed that upon payment by the said Corporation, of the said mortgage debt of $20,000 and the said sum of $5,000, the said Association shall and will grant and convey to the said Corporation in fee simple the lands and premises of the said Association, hereinafter particularly described for the purpose of holding agricultural and industrial exhibitions;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $25,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,289 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-14th of a mill in the dollar for paying such debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 currency or sterling money at the rate of $4.86 2-3rds to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised, or received, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the objects hereinbefore recited;

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed, and issued for such sums as may be required not exceeding however the sum of $25,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof which interest shall be payable half yearly at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture or coupon.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,125, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $164.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of payment of the said sum in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-14th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. The said Association shall immediately after this by-law shall have received the assent of the ratepayers of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and before the said Corporation shall have paid the said mortgage debt or other debts or any portion thereof, make and execute a proper conveyance to the said Corporation of all those parcels of lands described as follows: All those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the District of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, being composed of the North Westerly three and thirty-eight one-hundredths (3.38-100) acres of sub-division 10 (ten) of section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the Eastern boundary of said section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2018) feet south from the north east corner of said section twenty-eight (28); thence south two hundred and forty one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) along said eastern boundary; thence west and parallel to the southern boundary of the Driving Park, five hundred and ninety eight (598) feet to a road hereinafter described; thence north along the east side of said road, two hundred and forty one feet nine inches, (241 ft. 9 in.) to the Driving Park; thence east along the southern boundary of the Driving Park six hundred and twenty (620) feet to the point of commencement, and more particularly delineated on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the 18th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, between John Sylvester Bowker, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, and Mary Bowker, his wife, of the one part, and the said mortagors and trustees of the other part and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13 (thirteen) folio twenty-nine (29) as number 12,560 a, together with the right of way over and along the road fifty feet wide running north from the Cadboro Bay Road to sub-division eleven (11) of section twenty-eight (28) along the western boundary of the hereinbefore described piece or parcel of land as the same is now used and traveled, and that certain piece or parcel of land commencing at a point on the western boundary of section sixty-one (LXI) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2,018) feet from the north west corner thereof; thence two hundred and forty-one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) south along the said western boundary of section sixty-one (XLI); thence at a deflection angle of ninety two degrees seventeen minutes to the left two hundred and sixty-seven feet eight inches (267 ft. 8 in.) to the western side of Cadboro Bay Road, thence two hundred and forty-two feet six inches (242 ft. 6 in.) north along the western side of the said road; thence west two hundred and eighty one feet eight inches (281 ft. 8 in.) to the point of beginning, containing in all one and fifty, two one hundredths (1 52-100ths) acres more or less as shown on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, between William Henry Thistle of the said City of Victoria, of the one part, and the said mortgagors of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13, folio 110 as number 12,754 a, together with all buildings, fixtures, commons, ways, profits, privileges, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the said hereditaments belonging or with the same or any part thereof held or enjoyed or appurtenant thereto, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property claim and demand of the mortgagors and of the trustees, in, to and upon, the same premises, together with all improvements, etc., thereon or appurtenant thereto, and deliver the same in escrow to the Bank of British North America, at the City of Victoria, to be delivered to the said Corporation, when and so soon as the said Corporation shall have paid and satisfied the said mortgage debt and other debts as aforesaid to an amount not exceeding however the said amount of $25,000 or such other sum as may be realized from the sale of the said debentures.

Sec. 10. The Corporation of the City of Victoria, may upon such terms and conditions as to it may seem just and reasonable grant to the said British Columbia Agricultural Association or to any other Association, Society or Company, having for an object among others the holding of agricultural exhibitions, the use of the said lands, buildings and premises, but the said Corporation in respect of such exhibition, shall in no way be liable for any debts, expenses, expenditures, losses or damages, incurred or sustained by any such association, society or company, holding such exhibition, or by any person or persons attending or exhibiting any article or thing at such exhibition.

Sec. 11. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, 1894.

Sec. 12. This by-law may be cited as "The Exhibition Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

## A BY-LAW

### For Granting Aid to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 13 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the said sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,805 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, (at the rate of $4.86 2-3rd to the one pound sterling,) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $220.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 27th of April, A.D. 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

## A BY-LAW

### To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,156 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid,) and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $656.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums, in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.


# Argyle House

83 Douglas Street.

# SPECIAL BARGAINS

JUST RECEIVED

Ladies' Undervests, 10c. each

1 Case more of those Ladies' Black Seamless Cotton Hose, at 15c. a pair.

White Checked Muslins, 10c. a yard.

Art Muslin, 12 yds. for $1.

Boys' and Girls' Sailor Hats, 20c. each.

Heavy Double Width Serges, 25c. a yard.

Children's Handkerchiefs, 40c. per doz.

J. Horner & Co.

## Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

## Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 80 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and spongeness.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, remelters considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $25 per barrel of 500 pounds, or $90 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

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VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Warde, V.I.S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 162 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

## ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

## MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

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**Teacher of Piano and Harmonium.**
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## SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

## SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy23 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
oct6

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129.

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MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

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Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

**JOSEPH SEARS,**
**Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger**
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
**114 Yates Street.**

**NOT RESPONSIBLE.**
BR. SHIP BENMORE.
Capt. Scott, from Liverpool.
Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
a25-1m Agents.

**Teeth Without Plates.**
By Dr. Gaudley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc.
**66 1-2 Government Street.**

**NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**
The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 133 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.
Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.
Dated 14th April, 1894.
SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG.
(By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg).
FREDERICK LANDSBERG.
Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A good agent to sell the automatic swing and rocker. Apply 51 Yates Street. m2-2t

WANTED—A smart boy for office. Address stating qualifications and salary required, to A. B., Box 147, Victoria.

FEMALE COOK WANTED—Apply to the Matron, Jubilee Hospital. ap16-tf

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6sm&w

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By an active, healthy, pioneer of British Columbia, employment in any capacity for a few months or longer. Salary little consideration. Apply to H. S., No. 8 Harbor Cottages, Store st. Reference, Lenz & Leiser, Yates street. a30-1w

COMPETENT CLERK, book-keeper and correspondent, with knowledge of shorthand and languages, offers his services for small salary sufficient to pay living expenses. Address "Stenog," Times office. a12-tf

## FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE—On Salt Spring Island, 22 acres under cultivation; good house, barn, outbuildings, etc., stock and implements; must be sold at once; a rare bargain. Howell, Salt Spring, B. C. a30-4t

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

FOR SALE—Two splendid building lots within twenty minutes' walk from postoffice, close to car track, public school and park; frontage on two streets; price $650 each. Address "Property," Times office. a24-2w

HORSE FOR SALE, price $150; a good buggy horse, thoroughly quiet, does not object to tram cars, steam engines or anything else. Apply at H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. a23-tf

## TO LET.

TO LET—Half of store; very low rent. Apply 51 Yates St. m3-2t

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 67 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

PIANOS TO LET—76 Princess avenue. a21-2w

TO RENT—A fine new two story, 6 roomed house; hot and cold water bath; $13 per month; near Dallas road. Apply at 102 Menzies street, or J. Piercy & Co., Yates street. a29-2w

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

## BOARD AND LODGING.

NICE ROOMS and board. 181 Fort street.

FURNISHED ROOM to-let, also stable and hay loft. Apply 34 Michigan street, James Bay. a30-1w

TO LET—For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 15 Caledonia avenue. ap16-1m

## MISCELLANEOUS

ARRIVED—English and Egyptian cigarettes. They are fine. Maurice Salmon, Adelphi Corner. m2-2t

POLLARD vs. BRECKINRIDGE celebrated breach of promise case; Agents Wanted; book ready; history of litigants; illustrated; 500,000 will be sold; prospectus free. W. H. Ferguson Co., Cincinnati, O. a26-5t-eod

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P. Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap15-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

**The Japanese Bazaar**

**NEW GOODS** CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

**T. S. FUTCHER,**
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street
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(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

**THE HALF WAY HOUSE**
BETWEEN ALBERNI AND NANAIMO,
Stage bi-weekly and good travelling trade; house contains six rooms and additions; good stabling for 14 horses and vehicles; fowl and root houses, etc.; 160 acres of good land, 16 acres cleared.
Party purchasing would have no difficulty in obtaining license as there is no licensed house between Wellington and Alberni. For sale, $2,600, terms one half if required. Apply J. E. Crane & Co., 30 Broad St. m2-1w

**MORRIS'**
**Souvenir Watches**
WILL BE READY NEXT WEEK.
Buy your Tobacco and Cigars at the LEADING TOBACCONIST in time.
**COLONIST BLOCK.**

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea
80 cents per lb.
R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street.

S. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc17


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# The Daily Times.

## POLITICAL PROPHESIES.

A most instructive and edifying essay on the foolishness of political prophesy appears in the Colonist this morning. Surely none who come across such words of wisdom will be inconsiderate enough to let them go unheeded, and therefore it is to be expected that those contemporaries who have been indulging in the reprehensible practice will drop it at once. Let them reflect on what will happen to them if they do not take this course. Thus saith the oracle:

"Most people know that the object of this continual boasting is to keep up the courage of the boasters themselves. They vainly imagine that if they go on representing things as they wish them they will somehow increase their chances of success. But they will find that they are deceiving themselves. Most people know that men who are on the sure road to success do not keep on proclaiming the progress they are making. They are quiet, and are careful not to do anything or to say anything that would stimulate their opponents or competitors to increased exertion. Their policy is rather to act in such a way as to lead the public to believe that their prospects are not so good as they are. The successful man in any race or competition is never noisy. It is only those who feel that they are losing ground who shout victory before the struggle has well begun."

All this admonitory talk was ostensibly directed towards the "Advertiser and other Mainland Opposition newspapers," but we have a very strong suspicion that it was intended for the World, which is most notoriously given to the bad practice condemned by the Colonist. In fact several remarks which appeared in its fellow-organ yesterday night well have inspired the sermon from which we have quoted. For instance, in an article which it entitles "Chilliwhck's next member" the World thus discourses:

"The retirement of Mr. Donald McGillivray in Chilliwack in favor of Reeve Cawley, in the government interest, was as creditable to that gentleman's honorable party spirit as it was evidence of the reeve's great popularity. * * * Mr. McGillivray could easily have beaten the now discredited member whose faculty for getting hold of other people's private papers would seem to be his chief reason for seeking re-election. He, however, gave way to the wishes of the majority and will be found with his coat off working enthusiastically for Reeve Cawley. * * * Of the reeve it is unnecessary to speak now, except to say that the worst defeated man on the night of election day will be Thomas E. Kitchen. In Mr. Cawley the good people of Chilliwack will have a representative of whom they will have no reason to feel ashamed."

It may be remarked by the way that this is not only indulging in the bad practice which the Colonist deprecates, but is also paying a very doubtful compliment to Mr. McGillivray. That gentleman, it seems, could easily have beaten Mr. Kitchen, but he was asked by the majority to retire; from which we must infer that the majority did not consider him good enough to represent them. But the World was not satisfied with one offense; in the same issue it represented the "government forces" in Vancouver as "sure of victory." This prediction is apparently founded on the following opinion: "Now that the people have had time to think that they recognize the fact that the government has been paternal in its regard for Vancouver, and they contrast Mr. Horne's usefulness with Mr. Cotton's incapacity." Which interpreted means that the World supposes Vancouver voters to have been bought over by the expenditures Mr. Horne boasts of having brought to the city. Then as regards the riding of Dewdney the World prophesies: "The election of a supporter of the government is assured, but the friends must concentrate on one man and send him to victory." We do not wonder that these three offences committed in one day should have roused the Colonist to the point of launching its severe sermon on the foolishness of political prophesying. And it was probably a wise move to hurl the said sermon at the World's head over the top-knots of the Mainland opposition papers, for it would never have done to make the practical confession that another government organ was "shouting victory before the struggle was well begun," because it is among "those who feel that they are losing ground." Let the World heed its colleague's admonition and cease its foolishness.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The catechism prepared by the Protestant Protective association for legislature and house of commons candidates in Ontario has been made public. Among the questions to be submitted to aspirants for Dominion political honors are the following:

Will you pledge yourself to electors not to support any member of parliament to the position of premier who is a Roman Catholic?

Are you prepared to do all you can to abolish separate schools?

Will you oppose all interference with the legislation of the province of Manitoba abolishing separate schools?

Will you support the abolition of the dual language in the Northwest Territories?

It is saddening to think that any considerable body of men in Canada can be so given over to mediaevalism as to propose a religious test for politicians in this modern age. The P. P. A. men should have lived in the days of Titus Oates.

Toronto Mail: The Opposition at Ottawa has gained a point on the subject of the examination of witnesses on oath before the public accounts committee. Legally, a general power to swear all witnesses could not be given. Ministers were therefore right enough when they opposed the procedure out of respect for law. But so far as regularity and accuracy are concerned, the oath was desirable, and those ministers who objected to it on grounds other than that of legality were in the wrong. The law on motion of the premier is now to be changed so as to make it possible for the house to confer the power for which the opposition has contended. There is absolutely no reason why witnesses should not be sworn. They are expected to tell the truth, and they might as well do it under the ordinary safeguards as in any other way.

A member of the Winnipeg Tribune staff received from Joseph Martin, M. P., a few days ago a note in which this statement is made: "Mr. Laurier fully intends coming to the Northwest this year, probably in September. It is likely that a number of M. P.s will accompany him." Nothing is said as to the visit extending to the coast, but it is natural to suppose that if Mr. Laurier comes so far west as the Territories he will not care to return without seeing this province as well.

## ABOMINABLE CRUELTIES.

### An Almshouse Matron With the Instincts of a Ghoul.

Lancaster, Pa., May 3.—Charges of extreme cruelty have been laid against Mrs. Webber, matron of the county almshouse, and the state board of charities at Governor Pattison's direction has begun an investigation of them. The charges, which were originally laid before the county board of poor directors by local ladies of the W. C. T. U., specifically alleged that Mrs. Webber appropriated food brought to the almshouse for sick patients; that she frequently locked inmates in their rooms that visitors might not see them; that last summer she shut up some of he old ladies who were ill as punishment, and would not allow the others to go near them, even to take them water, from which cruel treatment a number of them died, and that she practiced various other forms of inhumanity.

In addition it was charged that Mrs. Webber had been guilty of falsehood; that she is insolent to visitors; that she drinks liquor or laudunum, smokes a pipe and encourages young girls to engage in disreputable practices.

The local authorities investigated the charges and reached the conclusion that Mrs. Webber, who is a relative of one of the members of the board, was "doing the best she could." This did not satisfy the ladies of the W. C. T. U., and they submitted the case to the governor, with the result that the state board of charities has disclosed some very damaging evidence against Mrs. Webber and others connected with the institution.

## PLUCKED A PIGEON.

### Chicago Rooks Give Young Beck Poker in Maximum Doses.

Chicago, May 3.—George Beck, son of the late Senator Beck, and a society leader, whenever he comes to Chicago from his Wyoming ranche, is served with a summons to answer a $3,350 assumpsit suit at the Auditorium last night. Nearly two years ago he got into a game of poker with Jack Haverly, Matt Hagan and men named Fisher, Shaw and Bean, in Hagan's "resort" on State street.

For five nights and days that game of poker went on, with only brief intermissions for sleep. Where he played and with whom, after the first night, young Beck could not tell. He knows, however, that fresh recruits were not lacking, and that they allowed him to win about $300 the first night.

The next night he lost nine times the amount he had won. On the morning after the fifth evening Beck woke at the Wellington hotel with no money. He had a ticket for his ranche and he took the train for Wyoming. The next time he returned he was confronted with a $3,350 note he had given Hagan. Beck took legal advice and refused to honor the note. Then Hagan assigned the paper to Mike McDonald and suit was begun.

McDonald's attorney said the other side told him Beck had been fleeced out of $17,000, but he maintains that the amount was not so large.

## CANADIAN NEWS.

### The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Donald Beaton's house at Keewatin was destroyed by fire.

The degree of LL.D. was conferred on Lieut.-Governor Schultz of Manitoba by Queen's university, of which his honor was a graduate.

The Conservatives of the new division of North Toronto have nominated G. L. Marter, the present provincial member for Muskoka, as a candidate for the legislature.

J. C. Morden's general store and residence at Greensville has been burned; loss, $25,000; insurance, $15,000. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary.

The death of William J. Gould, of Toronto, removes another of the few survivors of the Light Brigade. Mr. Gould, besides seeing service in the Crimea, went through the Indian mutiny and several of the South African campaigns.

Monsignor Laroque, Bishop of Sherbrooke, passed through Quebec from St. John, N. B., acompanied by Father Lacombe, of the Northwest, en route for Ottawa. They have been to the Maritime provinces to obtain the adhesion of the bishops there to their petition on the school question.

St. Gabriel's Total Abstinence Society, Montreal, has been compelled to pay one of its members, Joseph Phelan, $25 damages for statements reflecting injuriously upon Phelan, entered into the minutes of the society, in compliance with the instructions of the spiritual director, Father Omedra.

J. B. Ashley, of the institution of the deaf and dumb, Belleville, formerly editor of the Ontario, of that city, and of the Kingston Whig, is dead, aged 53.

There are 1,100 carpenters and joiners on strike in Montreal at present; 450 returned to work on Wednesday, their demands having been acceded to.

Benjamin Hawkins, formerly an English Church clergyman, was arrested at Bothwell, charged with having, in making application for a loan from a local loan company, sworn that he was a widower, and also with having wedded at Detroit three years ago a woman named Jennie B. Etchers, he being already married.

Reports have been received of the phenomenal growth of spring wheat in the outlying districts of Manitoba. The locations being well scattered through the province, the advance of growth over previous years may be taken as general throughout the province, and is estimated as being from eight to ten days ahead of previous years in the development of the blade.

A fire in Montreal destroyed the power house of the Royal Electric company. A very valuable plant was stored in the power house. The engineer did not have time to close off the engines before making his escape. The result was that the engines continued to run, and while the fire was at its height the big driving wheel burst and went through the roof of the building. No one was hurt. Loss $100,000.

The New England Theatre company, of Boston, Mass., is about to erect a fine modern theatre on the corner of Spadina avenue and Sullivan streets, Toronto. The land was bought for $25,000.

Sir John Thompson and Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Ouimet were waited on by Grand Vice-President Curry, of the Patrons of Industry, who urged that parliament be not asked to vote a subsidy of $750,000 to the proposed fast Atlantic steamship line, but that instead a proportionate subvention be given to the existing lines to enable them to furnish a faster freight service and equip their vessels with larger cold storage accommodation.

President Van Horne of the C. P. R. arrived in Winnipeg on Wednesday on a trip of inspection. Being interviewed regarding the agitation for a reduction of freight rates, Mr. Van Horne said: "We can't reduce our rates simply because somebody thinks we ought to do so. We fix them just as a dealer fixes his selling prices, but I am sure with much more consideration for the situation and the needs of our customers. If our directors thought our rates too high or in any way unfair the rates would already have been changed. The present rates therefore represent the views of our directors on this subject—views in which I fully concur." The president claimed that he had been incorrectly reported in his prophecy that wheat would reach $2 per bushel shortly. He did say that he hoped and expected to see it selling at that price again. Regarding the recent reduction in the number of men working in Winnipeg Mr. Van Horne said the reduction was simply a temporary measure forced upon the company by the depressed state of trade and the unsatisfactory outcome of the business during the past season. Delegates of the Winnipeg board of trade and grain exchange held a conference with Mr. Van Horne on the question of freight rates. Superintendent Whyte denies the report that the wages of the C. P. R. employes are to be reduced. It is reported that the C. P. R. engineers have a grievance in connection with the reduction of the staff.

### Too Much Woman.

For conscience sake let us cease this everlasting prattle about the present being "woman's century" and woman's age," implying each time that we say it that the women of any previous age were drivelling idiots, and casting a slur upon the very women who gave us our being, writes Edward W. Bok, in a vigorous defence of the women of a generation ago, in the May Ladies' Home Journal. Why is this "woman's century" more than was any century before it? Just because a few thousand more women are engaged in business? Does that fact make a "woman's century?" We haven't determined yet, by any means, whether the present tendency of women going into the rougher commercial pursuits is to her interest or to the benefit of those who will follow her. A little caution here is a very good thing. What sense is there in this constant ding-donging into the ears of our girls that they are born at the "dawn of woman's emancipation?" Emancipation from what? Will this sort of thing teach our girls to have a greater respect for the women of past generations? If we keep up this harangue much longer I shall not blame our youngest girls if they get the notion that the world only began about forty or fifty years ago. If we expect children to have a respect for their mothers, and their mother's parents, we cannot enshroud the times in which they lived with the darkness of ignorance and bigotry. The women who lived before the present agitators of the "woman's century" were born did a thing or two in the world's history, far more, I venture to prophesy from their present talk, than the women of to-day will do in these latter days if they pursue their present course.

### Expensive Thackerays.

Some months ago, for example, a copy of Thackeray's "Flore et Zephyr," 1836, realized £90 at public auction; true, it was a fine copy, but that was the only intrinsic or other merit which could be claimed for a publication which would be an imposition at sixpence. Another poor thing of Thackeray's which fetches large sums when it occurs on the market is "The Second Funeral of Napoleon," 1841, a trifle which Mr. Michael Angelo Titmarsh, in the quiet seclusion of the Shades, would be surprised to hear realizes over 20 guineas.

With "Vanity Fair" (as with some other celebrated books) there are what may be described as two first editions, but the valuable one is that with the woodcut of the Marquis of Steyne, which was suppressed after the issue of only a few copies, a copy of this example, when accompanied by the original wrappers and advertisements, fetches about £16—or about ten times as much as an original first edition—for which amount a splendidly bound edition de luxe copy of Thackeray's works in 26 volumes, with 1,500 wood engravings, 270 steel engravings and 88 colored illustrations, can be obtained. Upon what grounds, therefore, can this species of collecting be defended?—The Fortnightly Review.

## THE MARKETS

### A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

There is not much new in business circles this week. There are more early vegetables in the market and strawberries have made their first appearance for the season. The supply is very small and prices are of course fancy. Eggs are still at bed rock with no immediate prospect of any advance. Potatoes remain the same. Millstuffs and feeds are quite firm. There is no change in the price of hay or grain. Indications point to a short wheat crop in California. Retail prices are unchanged.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour | |
| Salem | |
| Ogilvie's (Hungarian) | 5 75 |
| Lake of the Woods (Hungarian) | 6 00 |
| Premier | 6 00 |
| Three Star | 6 00 |
| Victoria | 5 75 |
| Lion | 5 75 |
| Royal | 5 75 |
| | 5 50 |
| Wheat, per ton | 30 00@40 00 |
| Oats, per ton | 32 50@35 00 |
| Barley, per ton | 32 00@35 00 |
| Middlings, per ton | 30 00 |
| Bran, per ton | 27 00@30 00 |
| Ground Feed, per ton | 30 00@35 00 |
| Corn, whole | 45 00 |
| " cracked | 50 00 |
| Cornmeal, per 10 lbs | 40 |
| Oatmeal, per 10 lb | 50 |
| Rolled Oats, per lb | 6 |
| Potatoes, per lb | 1 1-4@1 1-2 |
| Potatoes new, California | 2 1-2 |
| Potatoes, seed | 2 |
| California sweet potatoes, per lb | 5 |
| Cabbage | 3 |
| Hay, baled, per ton | 18 00@20 00 |
| Straw, per bale | 1 00 |
| Onions, per lb | 4 |
| Eggs, per doz | 12 1-2@20 |
| Australian sugar, per pound | 6 1-2 |
| Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs) | 60@75 |
| California Creamery | 60@75 |
| Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail | 20 |
| " American, per lb | 18@20 |
| Hams, American, per lb | [illegible] |
| " Canadian, per lb | [illegible] |
| Bacon, American, per lb | [illegible] |
| " Rolled, per lb | 18 |
| " Long clear, per lb | 17 |
| Shoulders, per lb | 14 |
| Lard, per lb | 18@20 |
| Pig's feet, per doz | 75 |
| Tongues and Sounds, per kit | 2 25 |
| Meats—Beef, per lb | 7@15 |
| Sides, per lb | 8@9 |
| Mutton, per lb | 10@15 |
| Pork, fresh, per lb | 12@15 |
| Chickens, per pair | 1.50@2.00 |
| Turkeys, per lb | 20@25 |
| Geese, per lb | 20@25 |
| Fish—Smoked salmon (spring) per lb | 15 |
| Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb | 10@12 |
| Rabbits, apiece | 50 |
| Salmon (Smoked), per lb | 8@10 |
| Halibut | 10@12 |
| Smoked halibut | 12 1-2 |
| Cod, per lb | 8@10 |
| " (Nfd), per lb | 12 1-2 |
| Small fish | 5@8 |
| Smelts, per lb | 10@12 |
| Sturgeon, per lb | 7@8 |
| Herring (Labrador), per doz | 50 |
| " (smoked) " | 50 |
| Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart | 75 |
| Fruits—Apples, per pound | 5@8 |
| Florida bananas, per doz | 40 |
| Oranges—California | |
| " Seedlings | 25 |
| " Naval | 40@50 |
| Lemons, California, per doz | 25@35 |
| " (Australian) | 25@30 |
| Pine apples, apiece | 25@50 |
| Cranberries, per quart | 15 |
| Island rhubarb, per lb | 8 |
| Asparagus, per lb | 10 |
| Cauliflower, per lb | 8 |
| Green peas, per lb | 10 |

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

### Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Duluth, Minn., May 3.—The militia has been ordered to the Mesaba range to protect miners wishing to work there.

New York, May 3.—Stocks opened week. Sugar, however, advanced; it half declined 3-4. St. Paul was very weak on decreased earnings.

Eastport, L. I., May 3.—The steamer Persian Monarch, from London with 200 passengers, is ashore opposite this port. The captain informed the life crew here that the vessel was not in immediate danger. She went ashore last night. Assistance is being sent for.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., May 3.—Grand Master Ramsay, of the Telegraphers Brotherhood, was to-day acquitted on the charge of tampering with the wires of the Cedar Rapids, Burlington and Northern road during the recent strike.

New York, May 3.—A crank named Fell, formerly a prosperous business man, called at Archbishop Corrigan's house to-day and announced his intention of taking communion with the prelate. He was arrested. Fell declared in court he could "lick" anybody in America, not excepting Sullivan.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 3.—The execution of Simon Lewis, the Choctaw murderer, sentenced to be shot on Friday, has been postponed.

Baltimore, Md., May 3.—Carsden Monde, son of a millionaire now resident in Bremen, Germany, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself in the throat. Poor health the cause.

New York, May 3.—The registration of Chinese under the law ended to-day. There are 3,700 registered and several thousand unregistered.

New York, May 3.—Lawyer Magee, charged with the murder of Margaret Fuller, his typewriter, found shot in his Nassau street office, has been discharged. The evidence was not sufficient.

New York, May 3.—Copper is quiet at 9.30; lead steady at 3.35.

Bar silver 61 1-4.

**Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal**
**Have You Tried It?**

With but little care and no trouble, the beard and moustache can be kept a uniform brown or black color by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

## BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Suits, $16; Pants, $4. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Special meeting of the licensing commissioners on Friday afternoon at 2:30.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—An "Aladdin" concert in aid of the chimes will be held at Christ Church Cathedral school room on May 11.

—Revenue Collector Carter is busily engaged hunting up the owners of dogs to get them to pay the revenue.

—There was a slight collision between a Douglas and a Fort street car on Government street last night. Damage, a broken headlight.

—The Choral Society had still another practice of the Erl King's Daughter last night, and it may be said with safety that the piece is now mastered.

—Henry Vallacott, of Saanich, is in Jubilee hospital, where he is being treated for injuries sustained by the falling of a tree. He will be laid up for some time.

—Ewen Morrison, formerly of the Shawnigan Lake Lumber Company has purchased the Rock Bay Lumber Yard. He will carry a well selected stock of lumber.

—Manager Jamieson has signed Mrs. James Brown-Potter and Kyrle Bellew for August 1 and 2, and the late legitimate comedy success "Charley's Aunt," for October 23 and 24.

—Some handsome dining room furniture, sideboards, tables, chairs, etc., at very moderate prices. We have only just received these goods. Weiler Bros.

—A reception was held in the James Bay Methodist church last night to welcome the delegates to the annual district meeting. Rev. Joseph Hall presided. A good programme was furnished.

—The Companions of the Forest entertainment at Philharmonic hall this evening will include a drill, musical programme by leading amateurs and an operetta. It will be well worth attending.

—Victoria College and Royal Marine Hospital will play a match at cricket at Macaulay Point on Saturday afternoon. The college team will be: C. Cartwright, R. Wilson, A. Goward, P. Higgins, G. Wilson, H. Erb, H. Wilson, H. Nesbitt, H. Lawson, F. Mitten and C. Marpole.

—A junior cricket club, organized last night under the name of the Islander Cricket Club. The officers elected were: Wallace Duncan, captain; T. R. Futcher, vice-captain, and R. H. Johnson, secretary-treasurer; and as a committee the officers with L. B. Trimen and A. McLean. A match will be played on Saturday against the high school.

—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Flett last evening Miss Sarah Firth, late of Liverpool, England, and John Moar, of this city, were united in marriage. James Flett gave the bride away and Rev. Henry A. Webb performed the ceremony. Miss Christina Robertson and Mr. Hedile supported the couple. Best wishes and congratulations were then in order and later a splendid supper was enjoyed.

At the quartely official meeing of the Centennial Methodist church held last Tuesday evening, a very numerously signed petition was presented to the board from the congregation expressing their appreciation of the services of their pastor, Rev. Joseph Hall, of the benefit received under his ministration, and urgently requesting that he should be sent back to the Centennial church the coming year.

—No. 2 company, B. C. B. G. A., gave a very interesting and enjoyable social in the reading room at the drill shed last night. Lieut. Williams presided. Before the affair ended Captain Smallfield thanked the men of No. 2 on behalf of Nos. 1 and 3, and invited all to a social to be given shortly by No. 3. The musical programme was as follows: Song, Corp. Muir; song, Gr. W. T. Williams; piano solo, Bugler C. McMicking; song, Bandsman Handley; song, Gr. J. E. Martin; banjo duet, Grs. Colby and Lawrie; song, E. Cullin; mandolin solo, Bandsman Handley; song, Sergt.-Major D. Anderson; banjo duet, Grs. Colby and Lawrie; song, E. Mallandaine, jr.; accompanist, Sergt. Keith-Middleton.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—W. J. Burnes, business manager of the Mikado company, went to Vancouver this morning.

—The directors of the Agricultural Society will meet to-night at 8 o'clock in Morrow, Holland & Co.'s office.

—In the police court this morning, Louisa, Indian, was fined $5. James Pottinger was taxed in a like sum for a similar offence.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—You should see our "carpet stock" (for the spring), the largest, best assorted and the very best value your money can buy. Weiler Bros.

—James Smith is much improved and will soon leave the Jubilee Hospital. He fell overboard from the Princess Louise while the boat was lying at the dock.

—A reward of $250 has been offered by the provincial government for information that will lead to the arrest of the person or persons who shot W. Y. Moggridge, of the Belle Mead fruit farm, Westminster district, on March 30th last.

—The steamer Umatilla which sails for San Francisco to-night at 8 o'clock, will not have many passengers from here. Those already ticketed are: F. K. Dibley, Louis Chamberlain, Mrs. S. L. Chamberlain and two children, F. Movies and Mr. Williams.

—An Ottawa dispatch says Sir C. H. Tupper announces that blank license forms will be sent to Tokyo so that the British consul may issue them to vessels desiring to operate in Behring Sea after August 1. A uniform flag which all sealers will have to fly has been agreed upon.

—At the quarterly meeting of the Centennial Methodist church Noah Shakespeare was elected representative to the district meeting, and on the matter of appointing a pastor Messrs. Tranter and Bone were made delegates to place the wishes of the congregation before the stationing committee at Vancouver on May 10.

—Wm. Q. Judge, of New York, vice-president of the Theosophical Society, will arrive on the Sound steamer on Friday evening accompanied by Mrs. Judge and probably some Seattle theosophists. He will lecture at 8 o'clock that evening on the subject of "Death and After." This is a very interesting subject and there is no doubt that there will be a very big crowd at Philharmonic Hall to hear Mr. Judge. That gentleman has been connected with the theosophical society ever since it was started in 1875 at New York.

—The following is a Vancouver special to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer: "Griffith is on; let her go." These were the words Canadian Pacific Railway Conductor Peter Barnard as he waved his hand to the engineer of old 375 this evening at 6 o'clock. For four hours the Atlantic express, with safety valve singing, had been held, waiting for the Empress of China, which had been signalled from Victoria, where the Canadian Pacific railway keeps a man to report incoming liners." The fact about the man stationed at this barren light station on the coast where the C. P. R. keeps a man to signal "ships that pass in the night" and day on their way to Vancouver, the world's metropolis, is simply immense. Who is the man? It cannot be George Courteney for he is busy hustling passengers and freight, and gets business enough to keep himself and two assistants going all the time. Neither can it be William Christie for he and his seven assistants have not wires enough to handle the telegraph business, commercial and press. Will somebody say who the man is who suffers a lonely existence here scanning the broad Pacific that the C. P. R. officials may know when a steamer is coming?

—An evening with Mendelssohn Quintette Club is sure to be a well-spent one. The audience at the Victoria theatre last evening was not large, but representatives of the local musical world. The programme included many old favorites, the playing of which was quite up to the quintette club's standard. The three numbers that seemed to give the most pleasure to the audience were the theme in D'union, with variations, from Schubert, the Murmur of the Ball by Gregh, and the Gipsy Rondo in G. by Haydn. Andre Verdier's violin playing was voted by many to be superior to Musin's, probably for the reason that Verdier played music and Musin gymnastics. The delicacy of Verdier's touch delighted his hearers, while the feeling and expression thrown into his playing were irresistible. No better flautist than Johann Roodenburg has appeared on the Victoria stage. His selections showed how perfectly at home he is on the mellifluous instrument. Mr. Ryan, in spite of advancing age, seems to have the same mastery over that difficult instrument, the clarinette, he has shown in former years. He received very hearty applause. The 'cello selections by L. W. Hoffmann were most ably done. Miss Lila Juel is the possessor of a very sweet soprano voice, which she displayed to advantage several times during the evening.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

This is the Last Day But Two

For Three Dollar Cabinet Photos.
SKENE LOWE, 63 Gov't St.

## BEHRING SEA PATROL.

Departure of Some of the American Squadron.

The United States revenue cutter Bear will sail from Port Townsend on Saturday for the Arctic Ocean, and will go as far north as the 73rd degree of latitude, less than 500 miles from the north pole. A large amount of supplies are being taken to the government stations north of Behring Sea. The Bear will also act as a convoy to the whaling fleet, and will render assistance if any of the vessels are jammed in the ice pack or go ashore. The commissioner of Alaska education, Rev. Sheldon Jackson, is aboard the Bear, and will inspect the reindeer station at Point Barrow. The Bear will also cross over to the Russian-Siburian coast and purchase another 1st of reindeer from the natives and take them to Alaska. The remainder of the Behring Sea patrol fleet will probably leave on Saturday or Monday, and go north in the wake of the seal herd. Some of the vessels will proceed along the coast, stopping at Sitka and Unalaska. Lieut.-Commander Drake, who had charge of the construction of the new battleship Montgomery, on the Atlantic coast, has relieved Captain Tanner as commander of the fish commission steamer Albatross. The United States steamer Alert arrived at Port Townsend Tuesday from Mare Island en route to Behring Sea.

## THEIR PLATFORM.

Labor Council and Single Tax Make a Declaration of Principles.

A committee representing the trades and labor council and the single tax association at a recent conference agreed upon the following platform on behalf of the two bodies:

1.—We hold that each man is entitled to an equitable share of what his labor produces.

2.—Therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of industry. Taxes on improvements, the road tax, the provincial revenue tax, personal property tax and all taxes on useful trades and industries are unjust, and should be abolished.

3.—The present electoral system gives unequal representation, and calls for legislative reform. The monetary deposit now required from candidates for the provincial legislature should be abolished.

4.—We advocate a reduction in the hours of labor. An eight-hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government works.

5.—Under present conditions the Chinese are a source of danger to the community, and of imporerishment to white labor, therefore, laws should be passed excluding Chinese and all Asiatic labor from any and all government works; and prohibiting any further Asiatic immigration. Any companies to which the government may grant any privileges should be prohibited from employing any Chinese or Japanese labor.

6.—We also believe in the nationalization of telegraphs, railways and coal mines.

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

## NANAIMO ASSIZES.

Mrs. Charley Leaves Court Free and With Unblemished Character.

The Nanaimo assizes, presided over by Mr. Justice Crease, was concluded last night between 11 and 12 o'clock, when the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of Regina v. Mrs. Charley, and her servant, John Campbell, who were indicted for receiving stolen property, which was alleged to have been stolen on the night of the 17th or 18th of November last, from Mr. Corfield's store, near Somenos station.

The case was a very interesting one, and attracted the attention of a large crowd in court. The crown called and examined a number of witnesses, many of them being subjected to a severe cross-examination by the counsel for the prisoner, S. Perry Mills, of Victoria.

The defence called witness to prove that the goods found in the possession of Mrs. Charley and her servant were goods that could be bought at any store in Victoria or Nanaimo. Mr. Campbell and Mrs. Charley went in the box and stated when they had purchased the goods in their possession, some of them having been purchased at Mr. Corfield's store at Somenos. S. Perry Mills then addressed the jury at considerable length, severely criticizing the conduct of some of the witnesses for the crown. A. G. Smith, D. A. G., appeared for the crown.

Mr. Justice Crease in an able and eloquent summing up left the case with the jury about 10.30, and after an absence of an hour they returned a verdict of not guilty. Mr. Justice Crease, after the verdict was rendered, addressing Mrs. Charley and Campbell, said that the ordeal they had gone through had no doubt been very trying, but it was better for Mrs. Charley, as she could leave court a free woman without injury to her character.

Some life was put into the proceedings by the clever cross-examination of some of the witnesses by the counsel for the defence, S. Perry Mills, says the Free Press. He succeeded in tangling up more than one of the witnesses.

## NANAIMO NOTES.

End of the Daily Telegram—The Miners' Candidate.

W. J. Gallagher, manager and editor of the Telegram, has assigned to G. F. Cane for the benefit of his creditors. It is understood that the publication of the paper will cease for the present.

T. Keith's nomination has been learned of with general satisfaction throughout Wellington and Northfield. He is looked upon as a strong man. R. Smith will doubtless be the nominee of the opposition party in this district. It is thought that he will be able to make a good stand even against as strong a man as John Bryden.

Following is the result of the bicycle races at Northfield yesterday: The mile race was won by William Gray of Nanaimo, with Fred Hunter second. The three mile race was also won by W. Gray, A. Deeming being second. In the ten mile race only James and Albert Deeming finished, the former winning by half a wheel.

The fourth anniversary concert and ball given by the members of the Miners and Mine Laborers' Protective Association took place last evening in Mahrer's opera house. There was a good attendance at the concert and a really excellent programme was well carried out. T. Keith, the newly elected miners' candidate, occupied the chair.

### Nicaragua Canal Company.

New York, May 3.—The stockholders of the Nicaragua canal company met today to choose a new board of directors and transact general business. Messrs. Fairbanks, Goodwin, Thompson, Shannon and Millner were elected directors to serve three years. It is stated there was no mention at the meeting of an appeal to the government for financial aid.

## THE AMERICAN LEGISLATURE.

Nominations Confirmed—Resolution of Sympathy with Bi-metallic Conference.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—The senate has confirmed the following nominations: Thomas E. Benedict, New York, to be public printer; Daniel C. Govan, to be Indian agent, Tulalip agency, Wn.; register of land offices, J. F. Mooro, Dalles, Ore.; post masters, California, George Roe, Vallejo; John O. Miller, Bakersfield; E. A. Cutler, Eureka.

The house is in committee on the river and harbor bill. The senate is considering the tariff bill.

The consideration of the Chinese treaty has been postponed until next Monday.

A message expressing sympathy with the object of the bimetallic conference now being held in London, was sent from here yesterday. It was signed by 16 senators, but by none of the western silver Republicans.

Advices received at the treasury say about four or five millions in gold may be expected this week, and if the present rate of exchange is maintained exports for money may reach sixteen millions.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

A revivifying of nature's latent forces occurs every spring. At this time, better than at any other, the blood may be cleansed from the humors which infest it. The best and most popular remedy to use for this purpose is Ayer's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.

Children

who are thin, hollow-chested, or growing too fast, are made Strong, Robust and Healthy by

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil. It contains material for making healthy Flesh and Bones. Cures Coughs, Colds and Weak Lungs. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Our Rule:

"Do unto others as we would have others do unto us."

In Making Prices

We consider VALUES. It is not a matter of small cost, but of the equivalent of whatever is paid. That is the true estimate of economy.

We Are Governed

By the actual wearing quality of goods in naming prices. A dollar's worth of money for a dollar's worth of wear. Isn't that the better plan?

By Actual Values

In Spring and Summer Clothing for men and boys we hope and expect to retain your confidence, and we now present the

Latest Styles

In Spring Goods for inspection.

≈

W. G. Cameron,
Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson Street.

Great Slaughtering Bankrupt Stock Sale

The proprietor of THE STANLEY HOUSE has puschased through an agent here at a great discount FIVE CASES OF NEW SPRING GOODS consigned to W. S. Hampson & Co., which will be opened Saturday, April 14th.

This lot consists of Dress Goods, Prints, Blouse Silks, Hosery, Military Braids, Trimmings, Embroideries, Muslins, Etc.

These Goods will be marked the same as the present stock in plain red figures, at fully 50 per cent. less than they are usually sold at.

THIS IS A SNAP.

New Goods at about half price. Every lady in Victoria should see them.

THE STANLEY HOUSE,
Douglas Srreet.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B.C.

MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

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| SUGAR—Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls. | | 5⅜c. per lb. |
| Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags, | | 5⅜c. " |
| Granulated, " " | | 4⅛c. " |
| Yellow, according to quality, " | | 3¾ to 4⅛c. " |
| 100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more. | | |
| SYRUPS—30 Gal. Barrels, | | 2½c. per lb. |
| 10 " Kegs, | | 2¾c. " |
| 5 " " | | $2.00 each. |
| 1 " Tins, | | $4.25 per case of 10 |
| ½ " " | | 5.75 " 20 |

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 6.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 6 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

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This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

## THE GOOD TIME COMING.

### M. Berthelot's Prediction for the Year of 2000.

A friend of M. Berthelot, meeting him the other day, asked him, says our Paris correspondent, whether he was in sober earnest in relating his dream of the world in the year 2000. He said he was never more serious in his life. What was the state of science applied to industry at the time that Franklin called on Voltaire? The world had then no industrial plant of any consequence—not even in the form of highways. "See," said M. Berthelot, "what it has now, and see what work has been done in the way of boring with diamond-pointed drills worked by compressed air. The spades of the future are being found now in the De Beers mine at the Cape." It was remarked to M. Berthelot that it was much easier to bore a tunnel through the St. Gothard mountain than to sink a shaft to the region of plutonic heat. He admitted this, but he had heard form eminent engineers that it was possible to create machinery that would take a high degree of plutonic heat available as an industrial force. Even were they mistaken, there were energies going to waste everywhere which could be transformed into electricity and into heat. The quantity of sunshine stored up in trees was small compared with what was lost. He did not say how it would be made available for industrial chemistry, but he felt sure that the problem was one that might be solved. He was also persuaded that the food supplies of the future lay simply in the air and water. Chemistry had only afforded us the merest peep at the resources of the planet. The human race was heir to the peaceable kingdom of which Isaiah—who may have been a great scientist as well as a poet—gave a forecast. Children ought to be prepared for the great heritage by a highly moral and, so far as is possible, scientific and esthetic education. There was a good time really coming, but as the English song said, "we must wait a little longer."—London Daily News.

## ANOTHER FATHER DAMIEN.

### Noble Work of a Priest Among Colombian Lepers.

A writer in the New York Herald says: Down in the South American republic of Colombia one of these days a simple, pious man will die, and the world will call him a hero. The scales of leprosy cover his body, and he must present a very unattractive, perhaps hideous appearance. News was recently received that the dread disease had at last taken hold of him. He is a Roman Catholic priest, and belongs to the order of Salesian Fathers. Like Father Damien, who laid down his life for the lepers of Molokai, this man, who is called Don Unia, went out to minister to the spiritual wants of a leper colony. For two years he has been among the 1200 outcasts who compose the leper settlement of Agua de Dois. The last heard of him he was considered as being seriously ill. The story of his life among the lepers has been obtained from his own pen, but nothing has been heard directly from him since he became a leper. Don Unia left Turin in 1889. He wrote to his superior two years later from the South American republic, saying that he longed to devote his life to the service of the lepers. He was then in Sante Fe de Bogota, from which the leper colony of Agua de Dois is about three days' march. Without waiting to secure the desired permission to labor among the lepers he hastened to the lazaretto. There was great joy among the outcasts over his coming. This is the way Don Unia describes his reception: "As we drew near about a hundred little boys in Sunday clothes and with shining faces advanced with many little banners flapping above their heads. These were followed by white robed little girls bearing palms and flowers and singing hymns. It was a simple scene, and yet so touching that it drew tears from my eyes. "But the sight soon changed for me when I visited those lying in the lazaretto. God help them! Breathing carcasses, in a long protracted putrefaction. One is without arms, another has no hands, and another no feet. Here is one whose flesh is dropping off peacemeal, and in this awful condition they drag out a miserable decade! My heart sank at first, but as I found these afflicted creatures brighten at my presence I felt that ghastly smile a great reward for weakness overcome." Don Unia was the only priest among the 1200 afflicted ones in that outcast community. He looked after the ones who suffered most, celebrated mass, administered the sacraments and paid consoling visits to those in the last stages of the disease. "Taking everything into account," he said in one of his letters, "I think work won't be wanting, so my life will be a happy one." He did not expect to escape the disease, he said, but the fact that, even as a leper he would be able to hear confessions and console the afflicted ones seemed to console him. He would do this, he declared, even though he was covered with ulcers. The only thing he complained of was the heat, and all he said on this point was "that the temperature was unpleasantly high." He described his quarters as a shed, divided into two little apartments and covered with palm leaves, through which the rain passes beautifully, but with the burning heat one suffers a little water will do no harm.

"A fine little boy has been told off to attend to my wants. He brings me something to eat twice a day, just as the crow used to do by the old hermit." It took two months for his letter begging to be allowed to pass his life among the lepers to reach his superior in Turin. Don Unia was almost heartbroken when he received from his superior an order to take charge of the Salesian house in the city of Mexico. He believed that this meant his request had been refused. But the fact was the order had been sent from Turin before Don Unia's letter had been received by the superior. Don Unia's request was granted, the superior wrote, "with tears and a heart full of zeal-thankfulness." When the letter ordering him to go to the city of Mexico was received Don Unia at once made preparations to leave the lepers, and to the superior he sent a letter of urgent entreaty, in which he said: "In order to render my departure less bitter to these poor, agonized souls, I will not leave them without hope. I shall give them to understand that after visiting Mexico, in the lapse of a few months, I shall be back again among them, to remain with them forever. My dearly beloved superior will not surely make me break my word. When all the matters have been definitely settled for the Mexican house I implore you to send a rector with the necessary staff from Turin and allow me to return to the care of my lepers. The parting moment, I fear, will call forth a heart-rending scene, but holy obedience will give me force to conquer myself and surmount every difficulty. On returning to Bogota I shall immediately set out for Mexico, but my thoughts and my heart will always be with the poor creatures I leave in desolation behind me. My lepers—my poor lepers!—that is my mission. That is what God has called me to do. This is a consolation which your reverence cannot deny me." Don Unia has lately been joined by another priest of his order. They are caring for him, and when he dies they are to continue the work he began. While the heroic Don Unia is waiting to die among his lepers another priest who has given his life to the service of the stricken ones is stretching out his hands for aid from his friends in America. He is the missionary apostolic of Japan, and he has been laboring among a colony of lepers there for two years. In a letter recently received in this city he tells a pitiful story. "Quite lately ten lepers presented themselves at our establishment and begged to be admitted. They all had heart-rending stories to tell. There is one family of which nearly all the members are stricken with the horrible disease, and unable, in consequence, to work to earn a living. There is another family who used up all their resources to effect the cure of one person, whom they were obliged to abandon at last on account of want of funds. I knew of a young man who went to take the warm baths at Kusatsu in the hope of recovering thereby. One day he received a letter from his mother as follows:

"'I have nothing more, and I can send you nothing hereafter. Find, therefore, a way to put an end to your existence, and do not trouble me any longer.' Another young man received from his family a similar letter. It was as follows: 'If you cannot find a means of earning your own living, die, if it is necessary. It is needless for you to write. Your letters will not be received.'"

## SHIP TERMS.

### Origin of the Names Applied to the Different Parts.

As regards terms connected with the ship, its hull, masts, decks, and rigging, they are innumerable; and, singular to remark, as our military terms are derived from the Normans, the great number of our naval ones come from the Saxon and Dutch, such as ship, boat, boom, etc. The terms larboard and starboard come from the Italian "questa borda" and "quella borda," which by rapid delivery became larboard and starboard; but owing to the strong similarity of sound, have been changed into starboard and port (Latin "porto," to carry), the use of the terms in the original form having been the cause of many accidents.

Quarterdeck originated from the arrangement that the portion of the deck so called was about one-fourth of the whole space. Fore and forward-castle received its name as being the principal part of the ship in which the fighting took place, being raised much above the level of the other part of the deck, and holding a commanding position. Poop, the raised after-part of the ship set apart for officers, both in meaning and derivation comes from the Latin.

Gangway has been handed down from the days of the ancient galley of the Phoenicians, Carthaginians and Romans, it having been a board which ran along the whole length, serving as a passage for the rowers to and from their seats. It was also utilized as a resting place for the mast and sail when not in use. The term now denotes a place of exit or entrance from or to a vessel, generally from the shore by means of a long plank or platform.—Chambers' Journal.

## CAMEL RIDING.

### Difficulty of Embarking on a Ship of the Desert.

To mount a camel for the first time is, for a Howadji, until he gets the hang of it, a complicated and anxious process. The first risk is that the animal will rise while the rider is climbing into the saddle. This he will inevitably do if the attendant has forgotten to place his foot on the camel's knee.

The novice having settled in the saddle, which is like a flat wooden tea tray on the top of the hump, and taken a tight grip on the "horns," of which there is one in front and one behind, waits in suspense, wondering which end of the animal will get up first. The action, when it does begin, is a violent see-saw in three jerks, which impel him alternately in the direction of the head and tail until, if he is lucky, he finds himself ten feet from the ground. The 15th century pilgrim, Felix Fabri, so exactly expresses my sentiments about camels that I will quote his remarks. He says:

"A camel has a small head and is without horns. It has big and terrible eyes, and always seems a sorrowful and troubled animal. Its eyes are like fire beacons and big reflections shine in them; for whatever a camel looks at seems great and huge to it, wherefore it seems to view everything with wonder and alarm. When, therefore, a man goes up to it the beast begins to tremble, so that the man perceives that the beast trembles because the man coming toward it seems to it to be four times bigger than he really is.

"Had not God so ordered it, this animal would not be as tame and disciplined as it is. When it screams, being in trouble, it opens its mouth, shakes its head, and raises up its long neck, wagging it to and fro, so that a man who is not accustomed to it is disturbed and frightened."—Nineteenth Century.

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Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medicinal value of every ingredient. Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently.

**Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?**

## EXAMPLE AND PRECEPT.

### How a Minister Released Himself from Awkwardness.

A worthy clergymen, who ministered to the welfare of a small country parish in the south of Scotland, was a lover of the pipe, but for reasons best known to himself, he always indulged in it secretly. One Sabbath morning he was enjoying a quiet smoke while looking over the notes of his discourse, when an unexpected visitor was announced. Anxious to conceal the pipe (though in the atmosphere there was abundant proof of its presence), he hurriedly put it into the breast pocket of his coat, which also contained his handkerchief. The interview lasted until the church bell began to ring, so that the reverend gentleman hurried off to church, quite forgetful of the fact that he carried his pipe with him. He had chosen for his subject that day—"The Worship of Idols," and towards the middle of his sermon he began to wax very eloquent. "We have seen," said he, "my hearers, the dire punishment which thos people brought upon themselves by their idolatrous sins. In our mind we condemn them for having yielded to those sins, and we admit the justice of the punishment meted out to them. And yet, may we not be condemning others for what we ourselves are? Have we, I ask, no idols which we worship publicly or in secret? A moment's reflection shows us that we have. Then what is our duty? Is it not this, that here and now we take and cast those idols from us—cast them from us, I say, forever." Just as he uttered the words he snatched forth his handkerchief to wipe his forehead, with the result that his much-loved "clay" was drawn at the same time from its place of concealment, and, circling in the air, it fell and broke in a hundred pieces at the feet of the startled precentor. The congregation were amazed, not knowing whether to treat the matter seriously or as a joke, when the minister, quickly recovering his presence of mind, added—"And, my brethren, I have always endeavored to strengthen my pulpit exhortations with the force of example!"

## THE BABY'S SHOES.

### Importance of Selecting Proper Sorts of Foot Gear.

One cannot be too careful in the early selection of shoes for the baby's foot. It is all well enough to clothe the tender little extremities in dainty woollen socks and in shoes with soft kid soles while the child is yet in arms and does not stand up on them. It seems to the soft-hearted nurse and mother as if nothing harsher should ever touch the little rose-petal-like feet, and they cry out in horror at the shoe with the stiff sole. Yet the moment that the child has to rest his weight on his feet, if the foot is covered at all, it should be with something that can support it and shall not warp it, and that shoe must have a stiff sole, with no added height whatever for the heel—a child should never wear a raised heel at all; it should be worn by no one till the foot is full grown. The soft kid sole that seems so appropriate to the delicate little foot is too yielding; as soft as the foot itself, it pulls up at the tip, and tilts the growing toe upward, and presses more or less painfully upon the tops of the little thin easily impressed nails which it meets. As much danger, too, lies in a stocking that is too tight; that being as bad as an ill-fitting shoe, arrests development, making corns, and causing ingrowing nails, even a hole in the stocking sometimes doing that. A stocking should fit even more carefully than the shoe, allowing every movement of the foot free play; it cannot be too smooth and fine in manufacture, and it should have as few seams as possible. Moreover its color should be considered, as there are quite injurious dyes, causing bad eruptive troubles, and even blood-poisoning, especially in the shades of green. A large shoe is as apt to create a corn on the foot by rubbing as a small one is by compressing, and a stocking is as powerful in this regard as either. A shoe should always be a trifle too long for the wearer, be it child or grown person, as, owing to the shape that has been deemed proper among us, there must be a little room allowed for expansion somewhere, and it is more graceful and less noticeable in the length at the toe than elsewhere. It is exactly where the action of the foot demands the most room for play that we usually see the shoe abbreviated in the effort to make and keep it narrow across the ball of the foot. When one takes a bold step, springs from a carriage, runs up or down stairs, it is there that the weight and force are thrown, and it is there then that absolute freedom is required and seldom had, so that the lower joint of the big toe is thrown out and deformed irrecoverably early in life. Especially is this breadth of sole across the ball of the foot necessary in children's shoes, as their bones are still soft and their muscles tender, and they are liable to suffer a Chinese sort of compression that takes away a great deal of the flexibility and strength; which depend upon a development the bones can never have if crowded together. When it is remembered that the feet have an immediate nervous influence upon the spine, and that injuries to them are capable of working havoc in the nervous health, it will be seen how important it is that they should be started upon their growth in the right way.—Harper's Bazar.

## SOME TUNNEL STORIES.

### The Paralyzing Effect of the Unbroken Darkness.

"I recall an occasion," said a railway man to me, "when a man made a bet that he would walk without a light through the tunnel.

"He got upon the line where the officials were not looking, and his friends went on by train to the next station to wait for him; but he never came out; and when they had waited for him a couple of hours or more, they ventured to tell the station-master, who sent off a couple of plate-layers like a shot.

"The man was found, strange to say, not more than three hundred yards from the point where he had started. He was huddled up against the wall, and looked more like a spectre than a human being.

"The darkness had completely terrified him. In his utter panic he fell down at last against the wall, and lay there afraid to move a limb, and so eaten up with terror that he fainted dead away when they brought him to the light.

"In an ordinary way we kept a sharp look out, but on two or three occasions we've had a tunnel full of people. One morning I remember a 'local' breaking down in this very tunnel, and all the people, men and women, turned out just as though they were guests at a picnic.

"Directly they got into the darkness, for there was only the guard's lamp to light them, the women fell to screaming and shouting and running all over the place like a pack of sheep, and if a train had come thirty or forty of them would have been cut to pieces. Of course, the guard went on to the signal box as quickly as he could, and blocked both lines; but it was a narrow shave, I must say.

"I heard of a story the other day where a ride in a tunnel nearly killed a substantial merchant in middle life. He was going down to the city in the morning, and made one of those idiotic rushes at a moving train which city men will make.

"He got on to the footboard of a carriage and hung there by the handles of the door, but for the life of him he could not get the door open. It turned out that that particular compartment had been locked, and the man had no nerve to walk along the footboard and enter the next. He just hung where he was, bawling with fear, and unable to do anything but crouch down and blubber.

"You would think that he had been killed ten times over, but he managed to reach the next station, where he rolled on to the platform in a fit, and was not seen outside his house for six weeks again."—Max Pemberton.

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Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 pm | Lv | M | *Victoria | 110 | Ar | 4 30 pm |
| 11 45 pm | Lv | 38 | Pt. Townsend | 72 | Lv | 1 30 pm |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 82 | Seattle | 28 | Lv | 10 15 am |
| 4 45 am | Ar | 110 | *Tacoma | M | Lv | 8 00 am |

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* Daily except Monday.

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**CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,**

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

**ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.**

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| SOUTH BOUND (Read Up) No. 1 Passenger Daily | No. 3 Passenger Fri.'s, Sat.'s & Sundays | Miles from Wellington | STATIONS | Miles from Victoria | NORTH BOUND (Read Down) No. 2 Passenger Daily | No. 4 Passenger Fri.'s, Sat.'s & Sundays |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Victoria | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Russell's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Esquimalt | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Goldstream | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Summit Siding | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Shawnigan Lake | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Cobble Hill | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | McPherson's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Koksilah | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Duncans | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Somenos | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Chemainus | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Oyster Bay Sid'g | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Nanaimo | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Wellington | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

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J. E. BUTLER, Master.

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" Nanaimo for Comox.........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo..............Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Pender Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

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## AN AUTOCRAT.

### Abdurrahman Khan, the Absolute Ruler of Afghanistan.

The most absolute of autocrats, according to Dr. J. A. Gray, is his late master, the present Amir of Afghanistan. The will of the Amir Abdurrahman is the only influence that has any effect upon the Afghan people. There is no press in his highness' domains, and the power of the priests has, under his reign, been brought so low that even the chief priest now receives no greater share of attention than one of the minor civil magistrates. The opinion of the Amir, delivered in open Dubar, is the keynote from which all official tunes are played. It is caught up by the chamberlains, the court officers and pages, it reaches the bazaars, and soon the people join in the chorus, whereupon it is woe to the man who utters a discordant note. Dr. Gray, in his article in the new number of The Imperial and Asiatic Quarterly Review, contrasts the condition of the country now with what it was at the time of the Amir's grandfather, Dost Mahomed, and shows the wonderful progress that has been made. Highway robbery and murder are no longer common in the country, nor is murder or theft in the towns. For the last six or seven years Englishmen have been travelling constantly between Kabul and Peshawur, without the slightest attempt to injure or annoy them. At every halting place, when Dr. Gray was making a journey, the villagers brought their sick to him to attend, and he went among the people freely, unarmed and unguarded. This immunity is partially due to the fact that the savage tribes who invested certain parts of the highways, which hence acquired such names as "The Valley of Death," have been killed, captured or dispersed by the Amir's troops. Dr. Gray is of the opinion that the educational effect of Abdurrahman's famous workshop must be immense.

## SENOR CASTELAR.

### Still a Republican, But Not Hopeful of Republican Success.

The statement that Castelar, the great Spanish orator and statesman, had formally denounced Republicanism and declared his adhesion to the monarchial party is denied; or, rather, the statement is reiterated in a modified form. We shall not witness the transformation of this grim poet of Republicanism into a singer of courtly odes, but he has, it seems, become convinced of the impracticability of permanently establishing a republic in Spain for a long time to come, and has left his followers free to ally themselves with the party which favors the continuance of the present form of government. As for Senor Castelar himself, he will die as he lived, a Republican. The fact that such a man should have made such a concession is full of significance. No one has in his day spoken more strongly in support of Republican principles or more sturdily professed himself a believer in the Republicon doctrine. In an interview in 1877 he affirmed his Republican views with much emphasis. "I will never," he said, "ally myself with the Monarchists. If I cannot serve my country as a Republican I prefer to abandon politics and devote myself wholly to literary pursuits. I was born a Republican, and have lived a Republican, and will die a Republican. I may become insignificant, I may disappear from public life, but I will never enter into transactions with the Monarchy." The revolution of 1854 was for Castelar, as for Canovas del Castillo and Sagasta, the starting point of a political career. Like Numa Roumestan, he sprang into fame by one speech. He had come as a spectator to a Democratic meeting in the theatre "del Oriente," with no intention of speaking, but, fired with excitement, he made his way to the tribune and delivered an oration which had an immense success, and probably first revealed to Castelar himself the fact that he was a born orator. He awoke next morning a famous man, and from that time forward his great prominence and activity in public affairs was inevitable. He is by common consent the greatest orator that Spain has yet produced.—Chicago Post.

## JOHANN STRAUSS.

### The Great Composer Will Celebrate His Musical Jubilee.

Johann Strauss, the composer and "King of waltz music," will celebrate his musical jubilee shortly. The Viennese are making preparations for the event. Strauss was born in 1825. When he was only six years old he became a composer. At eighteen he was clerk in a savings bank, but at nineteen he made his debut as a conductor in a concert hall. So great was his success that he decided to devote himself entirety to music. After the elder Strauss had passed away, the younger incorporated his band and that of his father. He now made a tour, visiting the country towns of Austria, Warsaw, and some of the larger German cities. In St. Petersburg he was so well liked that he was engaged for ten years to conduct the Petropauleki Park concerts. Dr. Edouard Hanslick, the eminent Viennese critic, in writing of the early success of young Strauss says: "The young man's animal spirits, so long repressed, now began to foam over; favored by his talent, intoxicated by his early successes, petted by the women, Johann Strauss passed his youth in wild enjoyment, always productive, always fresh and enterprising, at the same time frivolous to the point of adventurousness. As in appearance he resembles his father, handsomer, however, more refined and modern, so also his waltzes had the unmistakable Strauss family physognomy, not without a tendency to originality. Our Viennese, the most expert judges in such matters, at once recognized the budding talent of the young Strauss, who promised soon to overtake his famous parent."

Strauss devoted himself for more than a quarter of a century to the composition of dance music. His Opus 314, "On the Beautiful Blue Danube," is now a national Austrian popular piece. It was originally written for male chorus and orchestra, and it paved the way for its composer's entrance into the field of operetta. In 1871, Johann Strauss produced at the Theater in der Wien his "Indigo und die Vierzig Rauber," his first operetta, and he soon became famous in Europe and America as an operetta composer. Some of his works, such as "Die Fledermans," are provided with excellent libretti, and the music is in the composer's best vein. In this country he is known widely as the writer of "The Merry War," "The Queen's Lace Handkerchief," "Prince Methusalem," and "The Gypsy Baron." He visited this country in 1889, when he appeared at Gilmore's Peace Jubilee in Boston, where his conducting of his music was one of the most agreeable features of the concerts. Like his father, he conducted violin in hand, occasionally playing with the orchestra, and gracefully swaying his body to the rhythm of his own music.

His waltzes are intended as much for the concert stage as for the ball room. Most of them have elaborate and artistic introductions, having, as Mr. Finck says in his article in "Famous Composers," "the aspect of an overture, often delightfully foreshadowing the waltz themes in a dreamy, passionate, and tender manner."

Hans von Bulow had a high opinion of Strauss. He once wrote: "I am very fond of a Strauss waltz, and I cannot see any reason why such a work, which is always artistic and may be classed among the best of its kind, should not be performed, from time to time, by a large orchestra in serious concerts. It would give our ears a little more rest from the severity of the classics, and would act like olives in preparing our palate for a fresh course."

Nor is Bulow the only eminent musician who has expressed his unqualified admiration of Strauss, father and son. Mendelssohn, Meyerbeer, Cherubini, and others have done the same, and Wagner wrote that a Strauss waltz "surpasses in grace, refinement and real musical substance" the majority of the labored compositions that are placed on concert programmes.

### The Fair.

The beauty of the buildings themselves the landscape effects and water views have been shown in many forms, but what of the treasures of art, of science, of industry that filled these palaces to overflowing. The study of such a stupendous collection is of itself a liberal education. Thousands of surprising creations and curiosities—the Telautograph and other marvelous developments of electricity, the latest mechanical devices, the ethnological treasures from all the most noted collections; the display of the nation in the Liberal Arts building, the statuary from Italy, the gold and silversmiths' exhibits from London, the Tiffany gems, the Swiss wood carving, the Bohemian glass from Austria, the French bronzes, the German porcelain, Japanese vases, the great telescope and countless others; the Horticultural building, with the rare ferns, cacti, fruits and flowers from every land; the United States Government display; the modest postal car, mint, models from the patent office, the historic relics; the life size soldiery from the Puritan to the staff officer of to-day; the Fisheries, with its monster aquarium and interesting exhibits; the Palace of Fine Arts, with its seventy-two galleries of statuary and paintings; the foreign buildings, teeming with interesting, strange and curious collections illustrative of the customs, habits, resources and art of people of other lands; the state buildings; the Midway, its cosmopolitan life and features; the Mines building, with the greatest mineral display ever brought together, the coal pyramid, the diamond mines of South Africa, the great Struuss exhibit; the agricultural building, illustrating the agricultural resources of the nations of the world; the Krupp pavilion; the Transportation building showing the methods of transportation from the earliest period to the present time; the original Grace Darling boat, the sectional steamship, the Nicaragua canal model, the great 999 engine, the mammoth locomotive, "Lord of the Isles;" the Woman's building, with the Queen of Italy's laces, the French salon, the colonial exhibits, the examples of woman's work in all countries. There is but one work which illustrates and describes the wonderful exhibits. It has been in course of preparation for nearly two years, and is the most magnificently illustrated work ever issued in America. The title is The Book of the Fair, 2000 copperplate engravings, 1000 beautiful pages. Text by Hubert Howe Bancroft. Published in 25 parts at $1 each. Applicants for agencies should address as below. Illustrated pamphlets mailed free on application. The Bancroft company, publishers, 30 and 31 Auditorium Building, Chicago, Ill.


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A youth in the employment of a large manufacturing concern in Pittsburg, Pa., left one Friday evening to stay over Sunday. On Monday he wanted to stay a little longer, and telegraphed to the firm:

"Do you need me? If not, I shall stay."

No response was received, which so alarmed him that he hurriel back at once. Finding everything all right, he was reproaching himself for his haste, when his uncle, one of the heads of the firm, sent for him. He found the old gentleman holding the telegram.

"My boy," he said sharply, "this telegram, I understand is from you. It reads, 'Dou you need me? If not, I shall stay.' Did you send it?"

"Yes, sir," came the answer, meekly.

"You did! Then let me tell you, sir," thundered the uncle, "that I have been here forty years, and they don't need me."

The telegram was laid down, and the head of the establishment picked up his pen. The nephew knew that the interview was over, and just as he was closing the door he heart his uncle mutter, scornfully, "Do they need me!"

The marvellous success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is based upon the corner stone of absolute merit. Take Hood's throughout the spring months.

## HERE AND THERE.

That the continent of Europe is passing through a cold period has been pointed out by M. Flammarion, the French astronomer. During the past six years the mean temperature of Paris has been about two degrees below the nominal, and Great Britain, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Austria and Germany have also been growing cold. The change seems to have been in progress in France for a long time, the growth of the vine having been forced far southward since the thirteenth century; and a similar cooling has been observed as far away as Rio de Janeiro, where the annual temperature has been going down for some years past.

The Living Church says a new indication of the religious reaction now going on in France is afforded by the recent frank declaration by the government of a policy of religious toleration. For many years the French republican government has appeared to be bent upon exterminating every vestige of the Christian religion in favor of a regime of materialistic agnosticism. Catholic instructors, at least those known to be of a religious order, were, as far as possible, excluded from all schools supported by the state, and instances were repeatedly alleged where teachers were forbidden to assume even the existence of God. Sisters of charity were excluded, not so long ago, from the public hospitals, and the patients were thus placed outside the consoling influences of religion. But now the French radicals, it is said, show signs of having discovered that the denunciation of all religion is not an evidence of true democracy.


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It makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

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RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other Trusses combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. $7 guarantee to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

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B. HAIGH.

Daily Times office, April 21.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 87 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $300 per year.

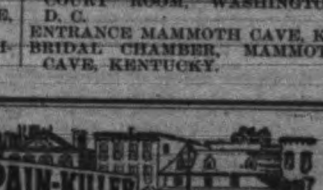
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, Blackmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x146 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($600) or single $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS, 5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

JOHN MESTON,



Carriage Maker BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets. VICTORIA, B. C.

ADVERTISE IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.

W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

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Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY, FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER. Office: 90 Johnson St.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, Universities, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees.—Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrances apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Supreme and County Court Cases That Were Heard To-Day.

Mr. Justice Walkem in the supreme court chambers this morning heard the following applications:

Laumeister v. Bowker—White (Eberts & Taylor) for assignees, applied for a stop order. Luxton for the defendant and Drake for the plaintiff contra. Dismissed.

Varrelman vs. Phoenix Brewing Company—Cassidy, for the plaintiff, applied for a review of the taxation of the plaintiff's bill of costs. Crease (Bodwell & Irving) contra. Stands over till to-morrow.

County court is sitting to-day with Mr. Justice Walkem presiding in the absence of the chief justice who is still indisposed. Naturalization papers were put through for an unusually large number of aliens.

The jury case of Esnouf vs. Falconer was settled out of court. This was an action for the price of furniture sold to the defunct Theatre Royal by R. B. Esnouf of Fort street. G. E. Powell for the plaintiff and J. A. Aikman for the defendant.

Dr. George Duncan sued J. Boscowitz for $175 amount of his account for medical services to the defendant's housekeeper. The doctor was first called in by a little girl and after about three days the defendant on his way down town one morning called and said his housekeeper wanted him to go up and see her. For this the plaintiff sought to hold Mr. Boscowitz liable. The action was dismissed. H. E. A. Robertson for plaintiff, and R. T. Elliott for defendant.

Mr. Justice Walkem yesterday made an order increasing the security to $5000 that the Victoria & Sidney railway company will have to put up pending the result of the arbitration with Smith & Elford, the award to be given within 21 days. A. E. McPhillips for Smith & Elford, and Crease (Bodwell & Irving), for the railway company.

## BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Eastern turkeys, 17 cents per pound at No. 13, City Market.

—A burglar entered Van Sicklin's barber shop, Trounce avenue, last night and stole $2 in cash and cigarettes and tobacco.

The steamship City of Puebla will return to the Victoria route about June 1. The Queen will be withdrawn after this trip and the Mexico put on in her place.

—Dr. Milne, M. P. P., entertained a number of medical gentlemen who were in town attending the medical council and several Victorians at dinner at his residence, Dallas road, last night.

—Lee Mong Kow, custom's interpreter, wishes it understood that he is not the Mong Kow mentioned in this morning's Colonist as being imprisoned for theft, neither is he connected with him in any way.

—The A. O. U. W. reception and ball at Ladner's Landing on May 11, promises to attract a number of visitors from this city. The fare for the round trip is only three dollars and tickets may be purchased from Captain J. D. Warren. Tickets for the ball are on sale at Hibben's.

—E. E. Sheppard, editor of Saturday Night, Toronto, who was visiting in the city, received a telegram last night announcing the death of his father, Rev. Edward Sheppard, at Rodney, Ont. He immediately left for the east. Rev. Sheppard was in the 71st year of his age.

—Summonses have been served upon the proprietors of the Nickel Plate, the Bank Exchange and Royal Saloon to appear at the next sitting of the licensing court Friday afternoon at 2:30. The license commissioners have to ask each of these saloonkeepers questions concerning the management of their saloons. The Prince of Wales saloon was to have been included but it has changed hands and the authorities will simply warn the present proprietors.

—There was a large crowd at the entertainment given in Philharmonic Hall last evening in aid of St. Barnabas church by the Girls' Friendly Society and a very good sum was realized. The programme published in the Times yesterday was carried out and it proved a very excellent one. The committee in charge exercised excellent discretion in preparing the programme for every number was freely applauded, the athletic features in particular seeming to please very much.

—A telegram from London under date of April 27 says: The steamship Miowera, the pioneer steamer on the Canadian-Australian Pacific route, has reached the river Tyne, having steamed 14,500 miles from Vancouver in 60 days. She is being fitted out with the latest things in steamship refrigerators, which will be capable of holding 11,000 carcasses of frozen mutton. She will be fitted out with a chilled fruit storage compartment, before returning to the Australian-Canada route.

—Charles Sinclair will appear in the police court Friday morning to answer a charge of using threatening language to Wm. McCrimmon, his employer. Sinclair has figured in the courts before.

—Most of the employes in the C. P. R. workshops, Vancouver, have been put on half time. The company is economizing all along the line by either reducing the number of men or working those they retain shorter hours.

—The Dominion steamer Quadra returned to Victoria this afternoon from a trip to Carmanah and Cape Beal, where she supplied the stations with stores. Fair weather was experienced throughout the trip; no vessels were sighted except a full rigged ship on Wednesday afternoon, supposed to be an American man-of-war proceeding up the straits towards the Sound.

—It is understood that some of the Chinese who were recently given disinfecting baths and had their clothing fumigated at the Ross Bay suspect station will begin damage suits against the city on the grounds of illegal detention and for the alleged illegal treatment which they received. One case to test the matter will probably be taken up and fought through the courts.

—There is never an entertainment at the First Presbyterian church that is not well attended, and the secret appears to be that they are always made very attractive. That given last evening was no exception to the rule. The numbers contributed by Miss Leech, Miss Collins, Miss Robertson, Mrs. Watt, Mr. Collister, Miss Murray, Miss Davies, Miss Bullman, Miss Netherby, the Misses Milne and Baker, Mr. Brown and the Glee Club, and the tableaux, were all very pleasing.

—William Clarke got drunk yesterday afternoon and offered to fight Thomas Shea to a finish. Shea refused the challenge and Clarke called him a coward and struck him three blows. Shea threw off his coat and in the language of the prize ring, "piled in" and before long Clarke was crying for help. A policeman saw the performance from a distance, but before he could get to the scene Shea had punished his insulter. Clarke pleaded guilty in the police court this morning and was fined $10. Shea was dismissed.

—Norman Smith was giving evidence in the Lynn case when the Times went to press yesterday. Smith identified many articles. Michael Manson, J. P., also gave evidence as to the finding of the bodies. At 2 this afternoon further evidence was taken. F. McCallum and Ed Carlson gave testimony regarding the whereabouts of Green and Taylor a few days before their bodies were found. Lynn was in their company at the time. Superintendent Hussey of the provincial police gave evidence of finding shot hidden away near Green's cabin. Interest in the case is not abating, although the evidence given is mostly repetition.

Lynn was committed to stand his trial at the next competent court of jurisdiction, probably at Vancouver.

—At the regular meeting of Victoria West lodge, No. 29, I. O. G. T., last evening, the following officers were installed for the ensuing quarter: Chief Templar, Bro. E. J. Eetherton; Vice-Templar, Sister Dyker; Secretary, Bro. D. McDonald; Assistant Secretary, Sister S. McDonald; Financial Secretary, Bro. A. W. Semple; Treasurer, Bro. J. Park; Chaplain, Sister J. Semple; Marshall, Sister G. Andrews; Deputy Marshall, Bro. Virtue; Guard, Sister R. Semple; Sentinel, Sister J. McDonald; Past Chief Templar, Bro. G. W. Andrews; Superintendent Juvenile Temple, Sister J. B. Semple; Assistant Superintendent, Sister Eva Andrews; Reporter, Bro. Dan McDonald.

—E. B. Ober, second assistant general freight agent of the Northwestern line, with headquarters in St. Paul, is in the city to-day accompanied by W. H. Mead, general agent at Portland, and Frank W. Parker, Puget Sound agent, with offices at Seattle. They are staying at the Driard, and in conversation with Mr. Ober this morning he said: "I am out in the west looking over the territory with the view of placing before our people the resources of the North Pacific coast. Appreciating the fact that our line has been enjoying a great business from British Columbia, I could not very well return to St. Paul without making a visit to Victoria. I note that your business here and all over the coast is much better than in the middle western cities." The party leave here this evening on the City of Seattle for the Sound.

The steamship Victoria is due here on Saturday from Yokohama.

## A VICTIM SECURED.

David Curtis of Westminster Nominated by the Davie Party.

New Westminster, May 3.—Government supporters rallied almost to a man last night to meet Premier Davie, who came over specially to heal the dissensions which had been splitting up the "tin shop party," and which resulted last week in the younger members starting a shop for themselves. Irish citizens formed fully two-thirds of the audience. Davie made a speech of an hour's duration, winding up with a strong appeal to select a candidate right away, himself proposing D. S. Curtis. Mr. Curtis refused, and then Mayor Hoy was nominated, who also refused as did half a dozen others. During a general discussion a little private confab was held, the result of which was that Curtis was again nominated and accepted, it being understood the party would "see him through."

Curtis has occupied the office of mayor and alderman, but lacks force of character and was never popular. On accepting nomination he declared he would stand as an independent supporter of the government and vote as he pleased, but he is easily led, and the meeting knew it and didn't object when he jumped the traces at the start. There is little chances of his saving the $200 deposit.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

### WRESTLING.

AFTER McLEOD.

San Francisco, May 2.—A representative of Charles Wilson, the Chicago wrestler, who recently defeated Evan Lewis, the Strangler, is in the city, and will endeavor to arrange a match with Dan McLeod.

### THE TURF.

ORMONDE A DADDY.

San Francisco, May 3.—Ormonde, the great English race horse, now owned by William MacDonough, of this city, has been made sire of his first colt, born in Oneida. The foal was dropped by Kissing Crust, one of the mares which made the journey from England with the $150,000 racer.

AN EXPERT OPINION.

Chicago, Ill., May 3.—Jimmy Rowe is here en route to New York from California. Rowe is enthusiastic in his praise of California. The Californians believe San Francisco has a great future as a racing centre.

### YACHTING.

BENNETT'S INTENTIONS.

New York, May 2.—The fact that J. G. Bennett is to build a yacht to race the Vigilant has just been made known here. The contract has been let to the Herreshoffs, and work on the new yacht, a Tobin bronze boat about the size of the craft she is designed to outrival, will be begun at once. Mr. Bennett's yacht will race next winter on the Mediterranean against the Valkyrie and the Prince of Wales' yacht for cups to be offered by Baron Rothschild and James Gordon Bennett. At these races it is Mr. Bennett's intention to have his boat manned by a crew of about 40 American amateur yachtsmen.

VALE VALKYRIE.

New York, May 3.—With the flag of the Royal Yacht squadron flying from her jiger mast truck, Lord Dunraven's cutter yacht Valkyrie sailed down the bay and out to sea this morning, bound direct for Southampton to take part in the season's racing in British waters. Captain Cranfield, who had charge of the yacht in her race with the Vigilant, is confident that the boat will make a comfortable passage across. "She will go over in about eighteen or twenty days," said he, "and I think we shall have better weather than we had coming over."

As the Valkyrie sailed out of the Narrows she was saluted with steam whistles, dipping of flags, etc. She gracefully acknowledged the salute by dipping the British ensign.

## COXEY'S ARMY.

"We Are Coming, Father Abraham, 100,000 Strong."

New Haven, Conn., May 3.—The New England contingent of the Coxeyites under Fitzgerald, left to-day for New York by boat.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 3.—A deputation of laborers marched to the capitol to-day and demanded of the governor that a train be furnished the Kelleyites.

The governor, replying to a delegation demanding a train for Kelley, said the railroad might be persuaded to carry the men to the Iowa border if Kelley pledged his word they would embark on the Mississippi at the first river point reached. It is said Kelley will give this pledge.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—The commonwealers passed the night under a large new tent and had a substantial breakfast to-day. All is quiet.

Washington, D.C., May 3.—The health commissioners, because of a report that six cases of sickness had occurred in Coxey's camp, have ordered the health board to inspect the camp, and if any health regulations have been violated Coxey will be arrested for maintaining a nuisance.

Des Moines, Ia., May 3.—Brown, one of Kelley's followers, attempted to-day to commit suicide. He seriously slashed his throat.

Wheeling, Va., May 3.—Galvin's army left to-day on the Baltimore & Ohio train for Pittsburg. The local traders' assembly paid their passage. The city furnishes the army with food.

## PERSONAL.

George Brougham left for San Francisco last night.

Walter Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, returned to Tacoma on Tuesday night.

R. E. Barkley and wife returned from San Francisco on the steamship Queen this morning.

Capt. Robertson, of Moresby Island, a candidate for North Victoria for the Provincial Legislature, is in the city.

At the Driard: C. C. Hunt, Tacoma; Chas. H. Ingham, Manchester, Eng.; W. H. Mead, Portland; C. D. Rand, J. G. Woods, A. H. B. Macgowan, C. S. Windsor, Vancouver.

At the Hotel Victoria: J. R. Mitchell, Nanaimo; W. B. Cotrel, L. H. Magary, Mrs. M. A. Magary, Miss Alice Magary, Mrs. M. E. Russell, San Francisco; H. Gerald and Mrs. Williams, Kingston, Ont.

E. B. Ober, second assistant general freight agent, W. H. Mead, general agent at Portland, and F. W. Parker, Puget Sound agent of the Northwestern line, are in the city. Mr. Ober's headquarters are at St. Paul.

Registered at the Hotel Dallas are: Dr. Wm. Macnaughton Jones, William's Head; George Casey, Vancouver; Henry Adams and wife, Tacoma; Wm. Houck and wife, San Francisco; W. E. Hutchinson and wife, San Francisco.

At the Oriental: Joel A. Broadwell, Salt Spring Island; Jas. Pallock, D. R. McKinley, Seattle; T. M. Jackson, Swallowfield; J. Elwood, Blaine; Henry Davis, Langley; J. S. Latimer, Port Townsend; J. Wade and wife, Chicago; Thos. M. Heard and wife, Apia, Samoa; F. V. Moffatt, Saanich.

### Marine.

The Warimoo is due here on May 8th.

The bark Gutenberg lumber laden from Moodyville to the West Coast is ready for sea.

The Empress of China sails outward on May 14.

The tug Lorne is at the outer wharf.

## PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—J Newell, S E Goodmurphy, Mrs Von Ryke, F Leonard, Miss B Melvill, A Lepsker, H Davies, W Laster, J G Woods, C D Rand, J B Gordon, D R Ker, H Croft, A H B Macgowan, E J McFeeley, A K Leger, E Elwood, C S Windsor, J M Hughes, P Emerson, G J Post, A M Bower, Mrs Frank, Mrs Williams, H Williams, Miss Skinner, R Williams, Ed Ness, J Davies, T Hook.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Jno Croft and wife, C L Kerzman and wife, Miss Richards and sister, Miss Kerzman and sister, Jos Pollock, F Peterson, Capt S Randall, C H Ingham, W Deverall, F V Moffatt, A McDonald, A Verdner, Jos Masocek, Thos Ryan, J Roedenberg, F Ardis, E Boker, J L Latimer, L Hoffmann, Miss Lila Juel, Miss Stewart, Thos Grogan, H Thompson, C C Hunt and wife, Eli Parker and wife, W E Stone, F W Parker, W H Woods, C A Clark, E Anderson, T Anderson, C E Wilson, W V Catral, A Black, D R McKinley, J H Luthoff.

## CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Mrs G Rogers, T B & Co, C F Evelyn, Ames Holden Co, S Leiser, A Turner, A B Erskine, Langley & Co, Gilmore & McC, Lenz & Leiser, Inland Revenue, H B Co, O'Kell & M, Nicholles & R, Mrs Wilson, J Tollich, M L O'Neil, Martin & R, S Reid, Dom Ex Co.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Hastings Mill Store, C F Foreman, C S Phillips, Brown Bros, F Fielson, McMillan & McL, McMillan & Co, E G Prior & Co, Brackman & K, D H Ross, B C Pottery & T Co, L Young, John Croft, Vale & B, Jay & Co, B Van Volkenburg, J G Hopkins, McMillan & H, T R Morrow.

Per Steamer Queen from San Francisco—A Godfrey, Albion Iron Works, Allice & Antt, C W Rogers, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Fell & Co, McCann & Renfrew, H J Brady & Co, B Taylor, Hudson Bay Co, Jno Leahy, J H Todd & Son, J & A Clearihue, Kwong On Wo, Langley & Co, Mrs Mary Malone, M Bantley, Mathews R & T, Oppenheimer Bros, Prof Theo Greiner, Pac Coast L A, Province Pub Co, P Steele, P McQuaderson, Philip Bros, R Beauchamp, Hotel Dallas, S Leiser, S Schoen, Spratt & Gray, S Severino, S A Rogers, Thos W Fletcher, Vale & Brooks, W Westington, W S Broderick, Winch & Bower, W Mable, West & Van T Co, Wilson Bros.

"A wolf in sheep's clothing"—the substitute offered by the "cutter" as being just as good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you don't want to be bitten, insist upon having Ayer's Sarsaparilla, even if it is a little dearer. Depend upon it, it will be cheaper for you

Mrs. J. H. Horsnyder, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1460 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I know it is the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

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Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

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Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

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MILLING CO., Ltd.,

VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,

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Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

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Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's.

The cheap and vile-smelling matches
That splutter and will not light
Can no more be compared with
E. B. Eddy's matches than a tallow
Candle compares with electric light.

"Telegraph," "Telephone" and "Parlor" matches maintain unquestioned supremacy.

CARPET CLEANING AND UPHOLSTERING.

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of every description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

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VICTORIA SOAP CO.,

Removed to New Quarters, Cor. Herald & Gov't Sts.,

Manufacturers of Laundry and Toilet Soaps,

ALSO WASHING SODA AND AMONIA.

SPECIAL BRANDS

Findley's Borax Soap—For Flannels Especially.
Findley's Electric Soap—For Quick Laundry Work.
Queen City Savon—An All Round Family Article.
Toilet Soaps, i.e.—Castile, Glycerine, Brown Windsor, Cocoanut, Boquet and Various other Brands.
Marine Soap—For use in Salt Water. This Soap washes equally well in salt as in fresh water.

Tallow and Grease Bought. F. S. FINDLEY, Mgr.

## THEOSOPHY.

Wm. Q. Judge, of New York, vice-president of the Theosophical Society, and general secretary of American Section, will lecture on Theosophy at Philharmonic Hall on Friday Evening next, 4th May, at 8 p.m. Subject: "Death and After." Admission free.

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Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

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It floats upon the water and is the best SOAP for the BATH.

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And don't be put off with another kind, for PENDRAY'S is the best.

The Very Finest New Season's

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